

## Contents

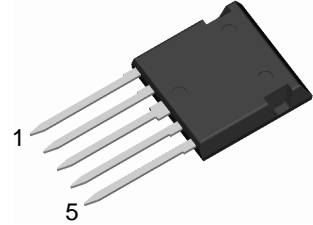
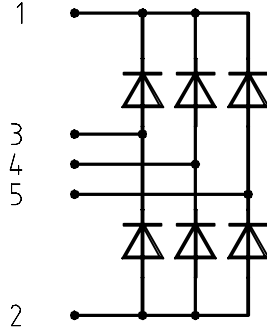
Rectifier Bridges Circuit configuration	$I_{dAV}$ $I_{dAVM}$	$V_{RRM}/V_{DRM}$ (V)						Type	Page		
		600	800	1200	1400	1600	1800				
	A	06	08	12	14	16	18				
	1	27	●	●	●	●	●	<b>FUO 22-..N</b>	<i>new</i>	F5 - 2	
	1	20	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 16-..NO1</b>		F5 - 4	
	1	25	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 22-..NO1</b>		F5 - 6	
	1	25	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 25-..NO8</b>		F5 - 8	
	1	28	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 28-..NO8</b>	<i>new</i>	F5 - 10	
	1	35	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 36-..NO8</b>		F5 - 11	
	1	38	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 35-..NO7</b>		F5 - 13	
	1	45	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 34-..NO1</b>		F5 - 15	
	1	50	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 30-..NO3</b>		F5 - 17	
	1	55	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 52-..NO1</b>		F5 - 19	
	1	58	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 50-..NO3</b>		F5 - 21	
	1	58	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 55-..NO7</b>		F5 - 23	
	1	63	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 62-..NO7</b>		F5 - 25	
	1	68	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 68-..NO7</b>	<i>new</i>	F5 - 26	
		1	70	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 70-..NO7</b>		F5 - 27
1		72	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 60-..NO3</b>		F5 - 28	
1		82	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 80-..NO1</b>		F5 - 30	
1		85	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 85-..NO7</b>		F5 - 32	
1		86	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 86-..NO7</b>	<i>new</i>	F5 - 33	
1		88	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 82-..NO7</b>		F5 - 25	
1		100	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 100-..NO7</b>		F5 - 34	
1		121	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 120-..NO1</b>		F5 - 35	
1		127	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 110-..NO7</b>		F5 - 36	
1		140	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 105-..NO7</b>		F5 - 37	
	1	157	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 155-..NO1</b>		F5 - 35	
	1	175	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 160-..NO7</b>		F5 - 39	
	1	166	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 125-..NO7</b>		F5 - 40	
	1	248	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUO 190-..NO7</b>		F5 - 42	
		2	20	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VVZ 12-..io1</b>		F5 - 43
		2	27	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VVZ 24-..io1</b>		F5 - 45
		2	43	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VVZ 40-..io1</b>		F5 - 48
		2	70	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VVZ 70-..io1</b>		F5 - 50
		7	70	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VVZF 70-..io1</b>		F5 - 50
		2	110	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VVZ 110-..io1</b>		F5 - 52
2		167	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VVZ 175-..io1</b>		F5 - 52	
		3	39	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VTO 39-..io7</b>	<i>new</i>	F5 - 54
	3	70	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VTO 70-..io7</b>		F5 - 50	
	6	70	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VTOF 70-..io7</b>		F5 - 50	
	3	110	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VTO 110-..io7</b>		F5 - 56	
	3	167	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VTO 175-..io7</b>		F5 - 56	
	4	28	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUC 25-..go2</b>		F5 - 58	
	4	39	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VUC 36-..go2</b>		F5 - 60	
	5	28	●	●	●	●	●	<b>VYK 70-..io7</b>		F5 - 62	

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

in ISOPLUS i4-PAC™

## FUO 22-08N

$V_{RRM} = 800\text{ V}$   
 $I_{D(AV)M} = 27\text{ A}$   
 $I_{FSM} = 100\text{ A}$



### Rectifier Bridge

Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$V_{RRM}$		800	V
$I_{FAV}$	$T_C = 90^\circ\text{C}$ ; sine 180° (per diode)	10	A
$I_{D(AV)M}$	$T_C = 90^\circ\text{C}$	27	A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; $t = 10\text{ ms}$ ; sine 50 Hz	100	A
$P_{tot}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (per diode)	30	W

### Features

- rectifier diodes for line frequency
- ISOPLUS i4-PAC™ package
  - isolated back surface
  - enlarged creepage towards heatsink
  - application friendly pinout
  - high reliability
  - industry standard outline

### Applications

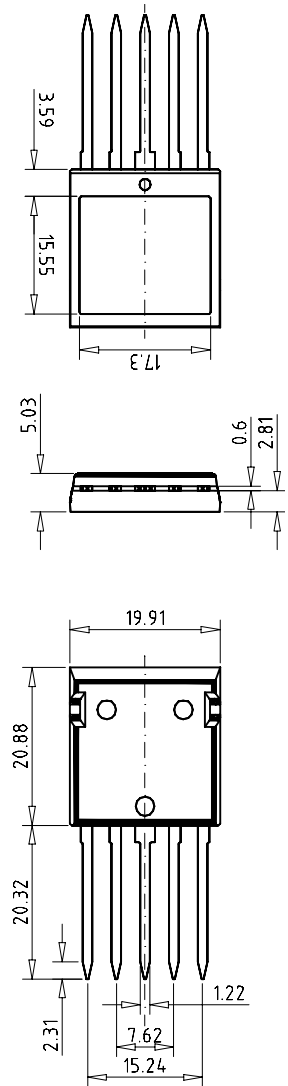
- three phase mains rectifiers

Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values ( $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)		
		min.	typ.	max.
$V_F$	$I_F = 15\text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	1.2	1.3 V V
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.2		5 $\mu\text{A}$ mA
$R_{thJC}$	(per diode)			4 K/W

**Component**

Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$T_{VJ}$		-55...+150	°C
$T_{stg}$		-55...+125	°C
$V_{ISOL}$	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}; 50/60 \text{ Hz}$	2500	V~
$F_c$	mounting force with clip	20...120	N

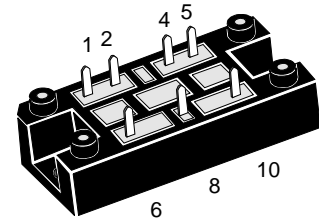
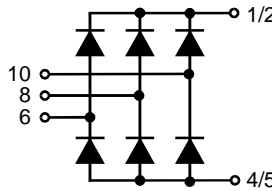
Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		min.	typ.	max.
$d_s, d_A$	pin - pin	1.7		mm
$d_s, d_A$	pin - backside metal	5.5		mm
$R_{thCH}$	with heatsink compound		0.15	K/W
<b>Weight</b>			9	g

**Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")**


## Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAVM} = 20 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
900	800	VUO 16-08NO1
1300	1200	VUO 16-12NO1
1500	1400	VUO 16-14NO1
1700	1600	VUO 16-16NO1
1900	1800	VUO 16-18NO1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{dAV}$	$T_K = 90^\circ\text{C}$ , module	15 A	
$I_{dAV}$	$T_A = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ( $R_{thKA} = 0.5 \text{ K/W}$ ), module	20 A	
$I_{dAVM}$	module	20 A	
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	100 A 106 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	85 A 90 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	50 A <sup>2</sup> s 47 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	36 A <sup>2</sup> s 33 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+130	°C
$T_{VJM}$		130	°C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 s	3600 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32UNF)	2 - 2.5	Nm
		18-22	lb.in.
Weight	typ.	35	g

### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering
- UL registered E72873

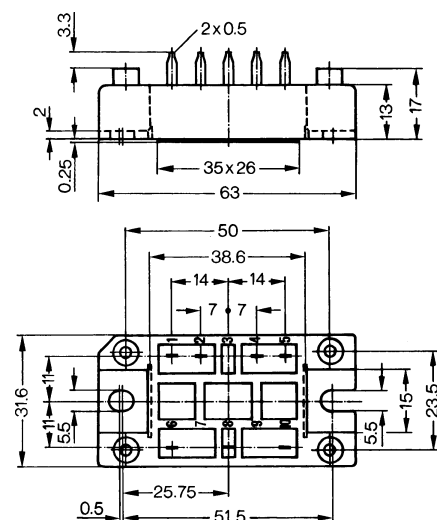
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 5 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 7 \text{ A}$ ;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.15 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8	V
$r_T$		50	mΩ
$R_{thJH}$	per diode,	120° rect.	4.5 K/W
	per module,	120° rect.	0.75 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	12.7	mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.4	mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50	m/s <sup>2</sup>

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

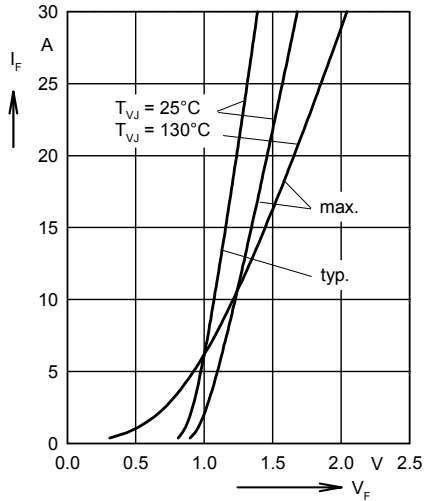


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

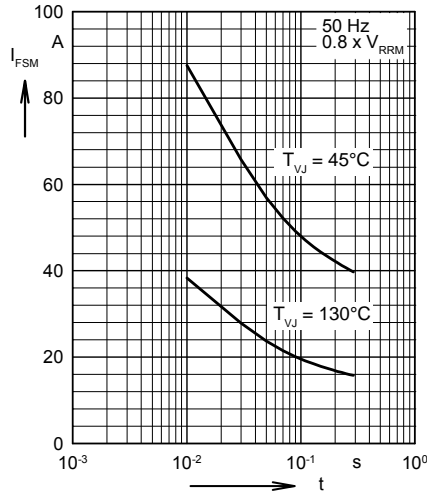


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value.  $t$ : duration

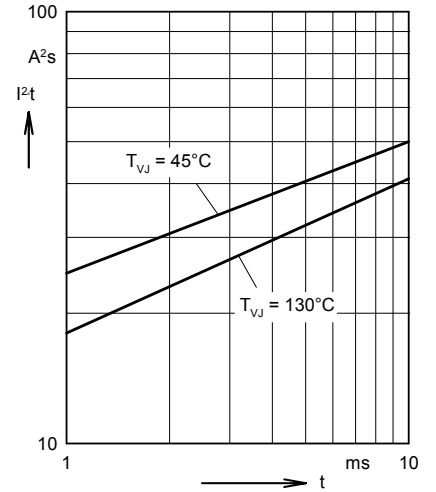


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

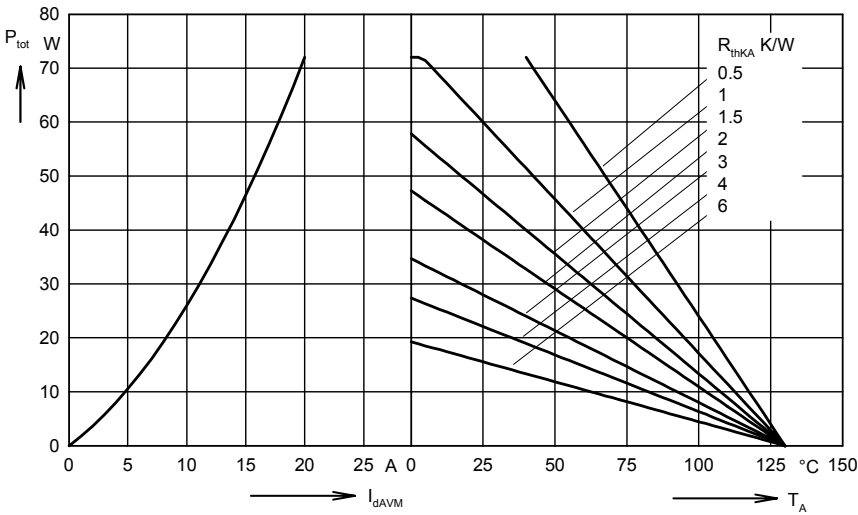


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

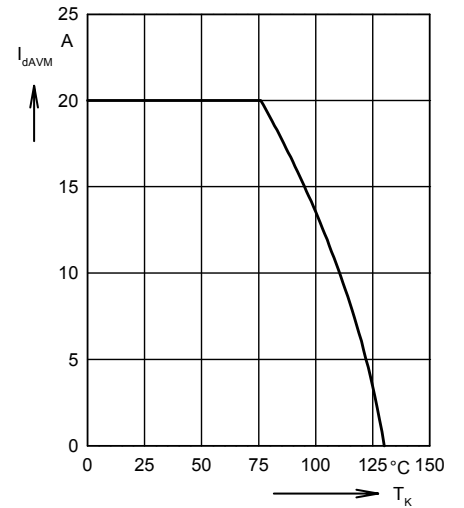


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at heatsink temperature  $T_k$

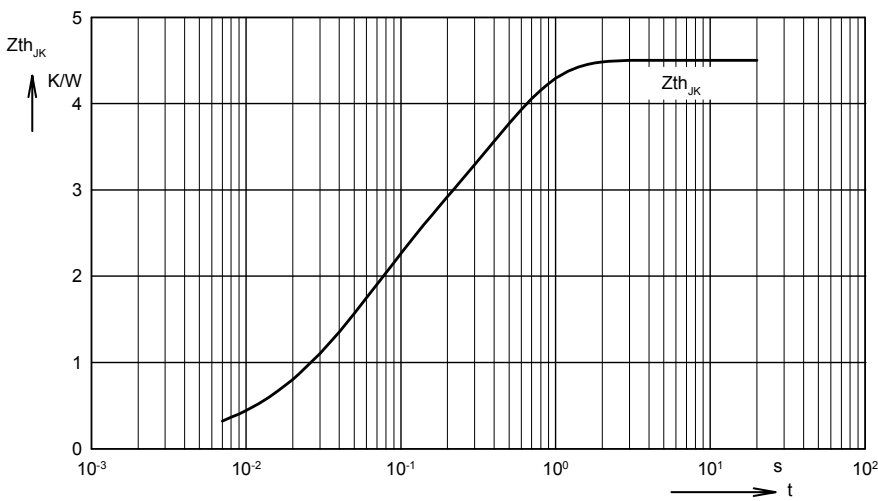


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink per diode

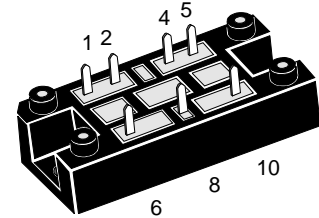
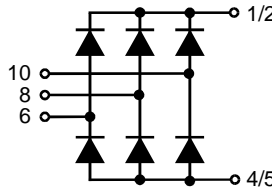
Constants for  $Z_{thJK}$  calculation:

$i$	$R_{th}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.015	0.008
2	0.1	0.02
3	1.835	0.05
4	2.55	0.4

## Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAVM} = 25 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
900	800	VUO 22-08NO1
1300	1200	VUO 22-12NO1
1500	1400	VUO 22-14NO1
1700	1600	VUO 22-16NO1
1900	1800	VUO 22-18NO1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{dAV}$	$T_K = 90^\circ\text{C}$ , module	22 A	
$I_{dAV}$	$T_A = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ( $R_{thKA} = 0.5 \text{ K/W}$ ), module	25 A	
$I_{dAVM}$	module	25 A	
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	100 A 106 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	85 A 90 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	50 $A^2s$ 47 $A^2s$
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	36 $A^2s$ 33 $A^2s$
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+130 $^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{VJM}$		130 $^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 $^\circ\text{C}$	
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque	(M5)	2 - 2.5 Nm
		(10-32UNF)	18-22 lb.in.
Weight	typ.		35 g

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 5 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 7 \text{ A}$ ;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.12 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only		0.8 V
$r_T$			40 $\text{m}\Omega$
$R_{thJH}$	per diode, $120^\circ \text{ rect.}$		3.1 K/W
	per module, $120^\circ \text{ rect.}$		0.516 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface		12.7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air		9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration		50 $\text{m/s}^2$

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering
- UL registered E72873

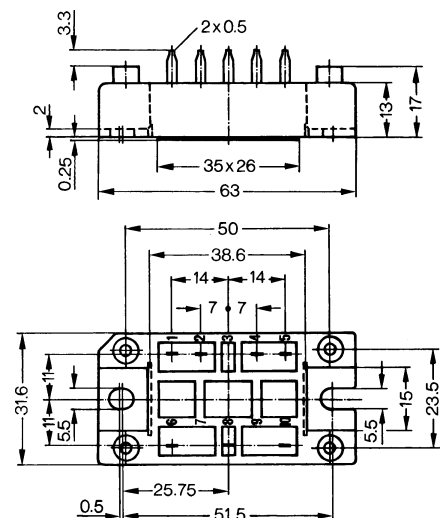
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



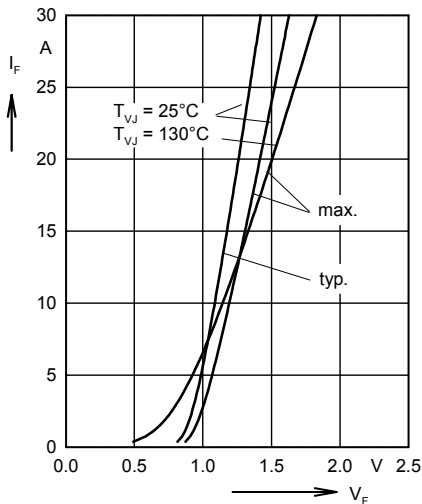


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

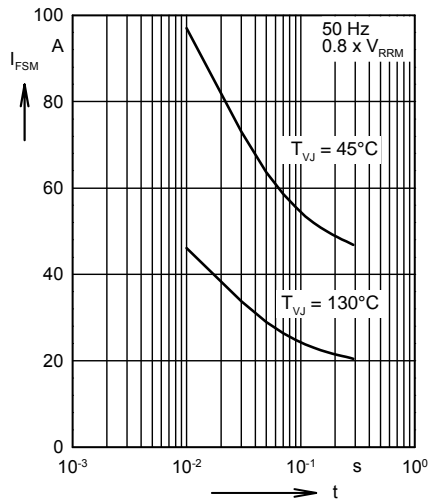


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode  
I<sub>FSM</sub>: Crest value. t:duration

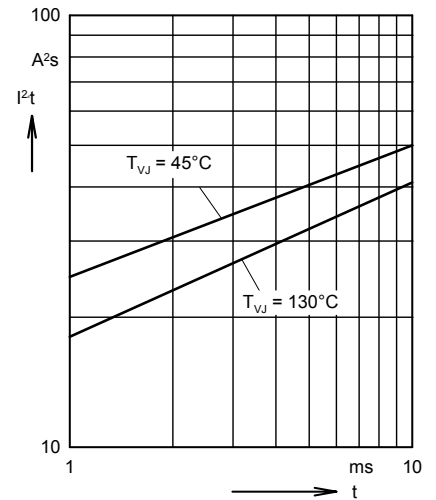


Fig. 3 I<sup>2</sup>t versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

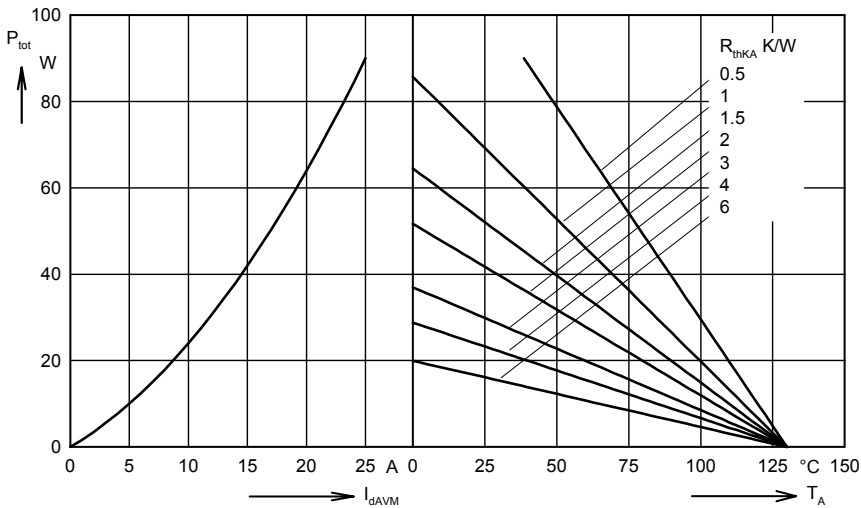


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

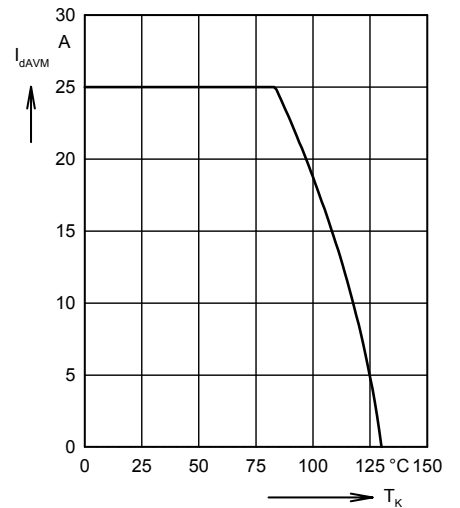


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at heatsink temperature T<sub>K</sub>

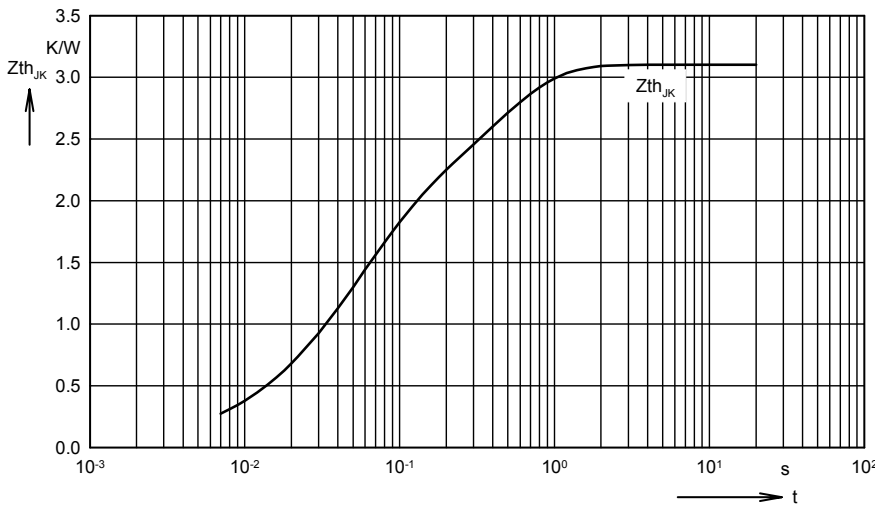


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink per diode

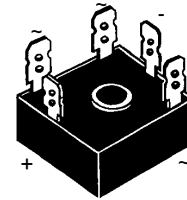
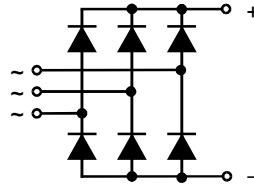
Constants for Z<sub>thJK</sub> calculation:

i	R <sub>th</sub> (K/W)	t <sub>i</sub> (s)
1	0.015	0.008
2	0.1	0.02
3	1.635	0.05
4	1.35	0.4

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAVM} = 25 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 1200-1800 \text{ V}$**

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
600	600	VUO 25-06NO8
1200	1200	VUO 25-12NO8
1400	1400	VUO 25-14NO8
1600	1600	VUO 25-16NO8
1800	1800	VUO 25-18NO8



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{dAV}$ $I_{dAVM}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , module	20 A	
	$T_C = 63^\circ\text{C}$ , module	25 A	
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	380 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	400 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	360 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	400 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	725 A <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	750 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	650 A <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	650 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$ $T_{VJM}$ $T_{stg}$		-40...+150 °C	
		150 °C	
		-40...+150 °C	
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1 \text{ min}$ 2500 V~	
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ s}$ 3000 V~	
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)	$2 \pm 10 \%$ Nm	
		$18 \pm 10 \%$ lb.in.	
Weight	typ.	22 g	

### Features

- Package with ¼" fast-on terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E 72873

### Applications

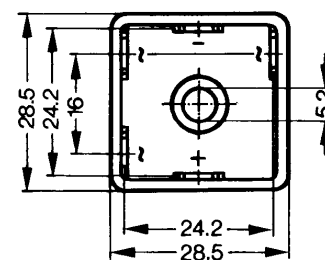
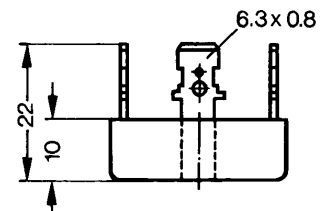
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with one screw
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ $\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ;	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ $\leq 5.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $\leq 2.2 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.85 V
$r_T$		12 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode; DC current	9.3 K/W
	per module	1.55 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode; DC current	10.2 K/W
	per module	1.7 K/W
$d_S$	Creeping distance on surface	12.7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to DIN IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.



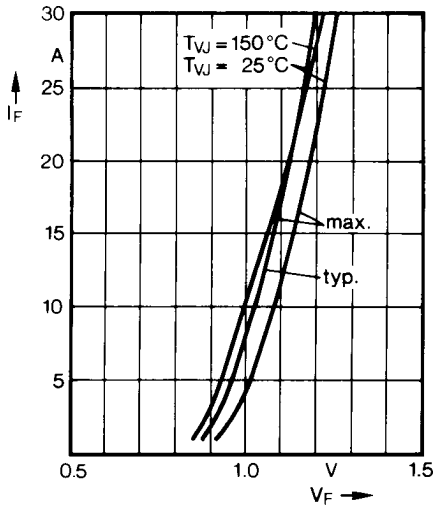


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

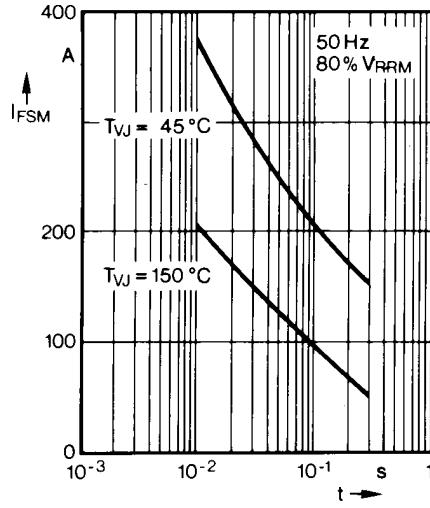


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value.  $t$ : duration

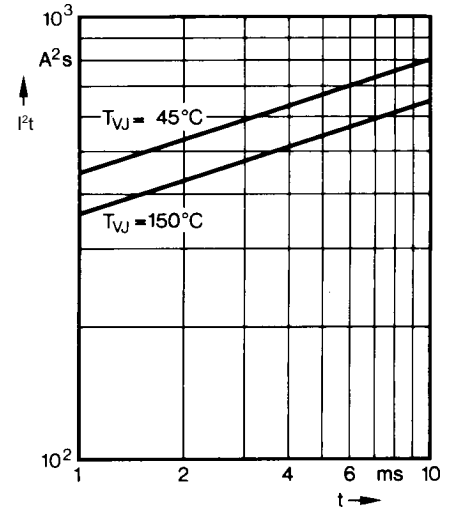


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

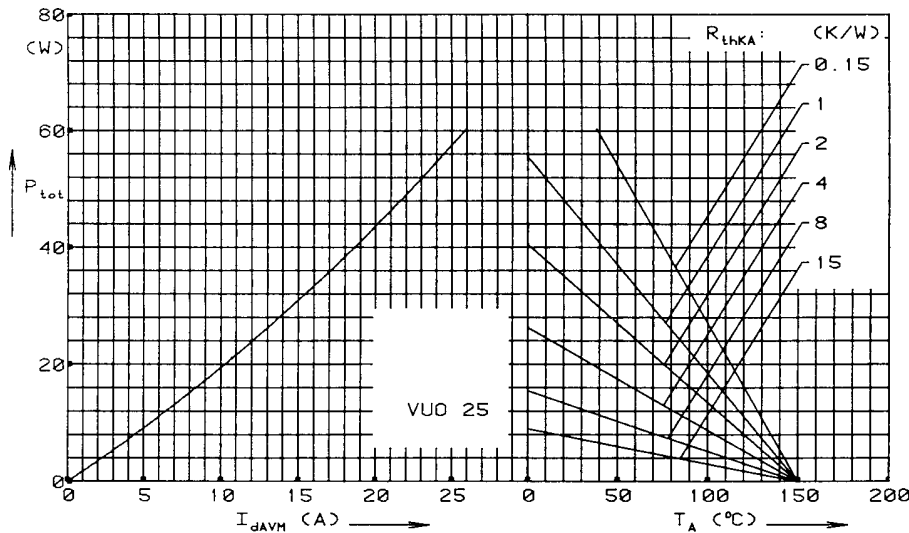


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

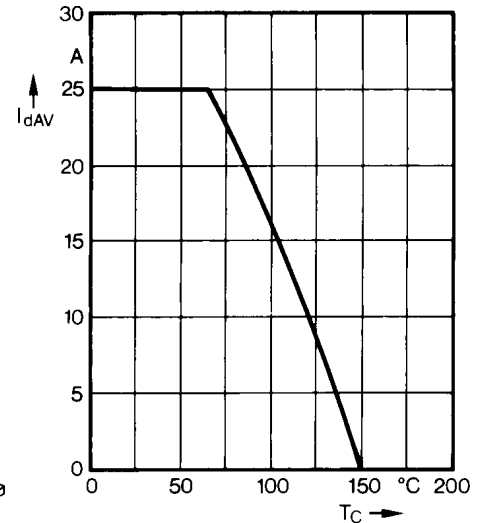


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at case temperature

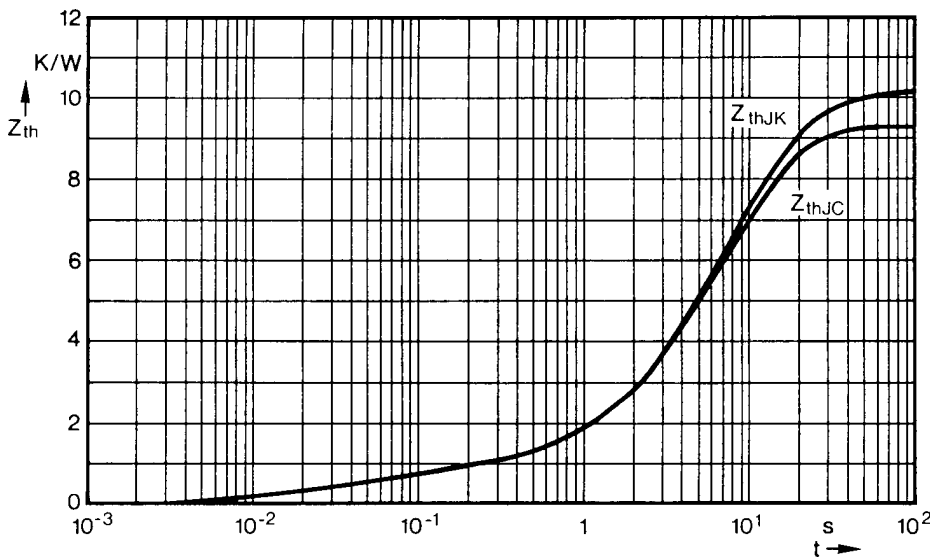


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance per diode

Constants for  $Z_{thJC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.194	0.024
2	0.556	0.07
3	2.25	5.8
4	6.3	8.5

Constants for  $Z_{thJK}$  calculation:

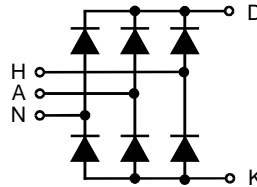
i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.194	0.024
2	0.556	0.07
3	2.25	5.8
4	6.3	8.5
5	0.9	28.0

## Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAV} = 28 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 600-1200 \text{ V}$

Preliminary data

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
700	600	VUO 28-06NO7
900	800	VUO 28-08NO7
1300	1200	VUO 28-12NO7



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{dAV}$ ①	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ , module	28 A	
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	100 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	106 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	85 A <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	90 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$ $T_{VJM}$ $T_{stg}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	50 A <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	47 A <sup>2</sup> s
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ min}$	2500 V~
		$t = 1 \text{ s}$	3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M4)	1.5 - 2 Nm 14 - 18 lb.in.	
Weight	typ.	18 g	

### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Low forward voltage drop
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering

### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

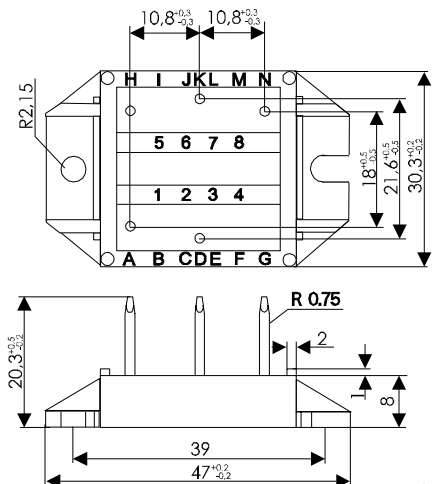
- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling capability
- Small and light weight

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
		$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 5 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 7 \text{ A}$ ;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.12 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only		0.8 V
$r_T$			40 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode; DC current		2.3 K/W
	per module		0.39 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode; DC current		2.8 K/W
	per module		0.47 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface		11.2 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air		9.7 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration		50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

Data according to IEC 60747 refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated  
 ① for resistive load at bridge output.

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

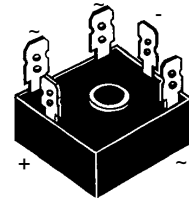
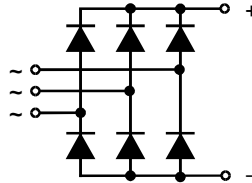
### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAVM} = 35 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 1200-1800 \text{ V}$**

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
600	600	VUO 36-06NO8
1200	1200	VUO 36-12NO8
1400	1400	VUO 36-14NO8
1600	1600	VUO 36-16NO8
1800	1800	VUO 36-18NO8



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$ $I_{dAVM}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , module	27 A
	$T_C = 62^\circ\text{C}$ , module	35 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 550 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 600 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 500 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 550 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1520 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1520 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1250 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1250 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$ $T_{VJM}$ $T_{stg}$		-40...+150 °C
		150 °C
		-40...+150 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 min 2500 V~ t = 1 s 3000 V~
	$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)
Weight	typ.	22 g

### Features

- Package with 1/4" fast-on terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E 72873

### Applications

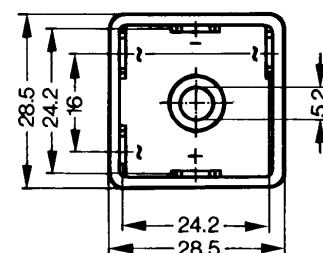
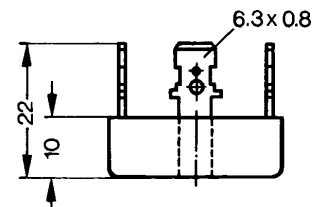
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with one screw
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ $\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$ $V_R = V_{RRM}$ $\leq 2.0 \text{ mA}$
	$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		7.4 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode; DC current	7.5 K/W
	per module	1.25 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode; DC current	8.4 K/W
	per module	1.4 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	12.7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to DIN IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

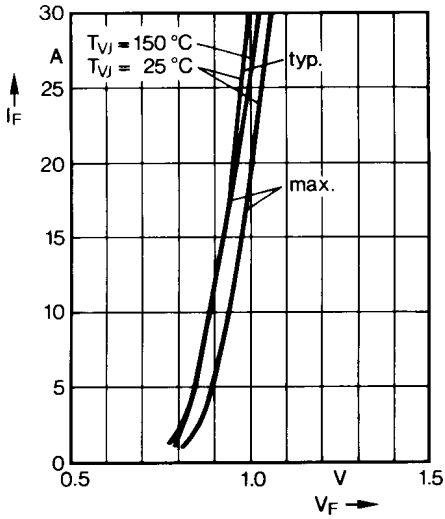


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

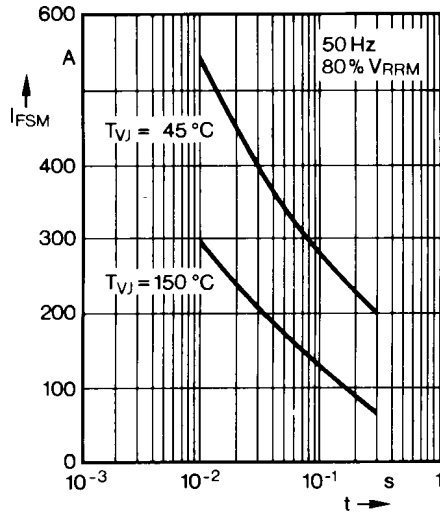


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode  
I<sub>FSM</sub>: Crest value. t: duration

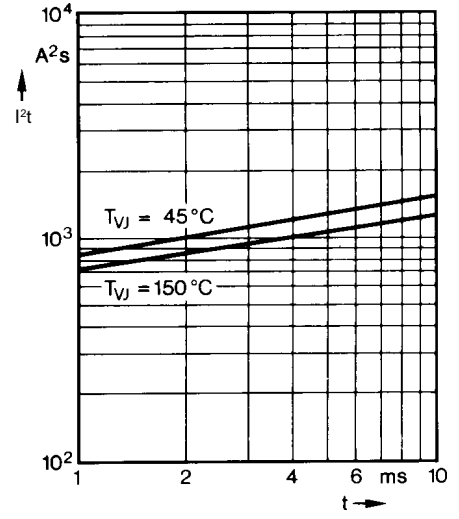


Fig. 3 I<sup>2</sup>t versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

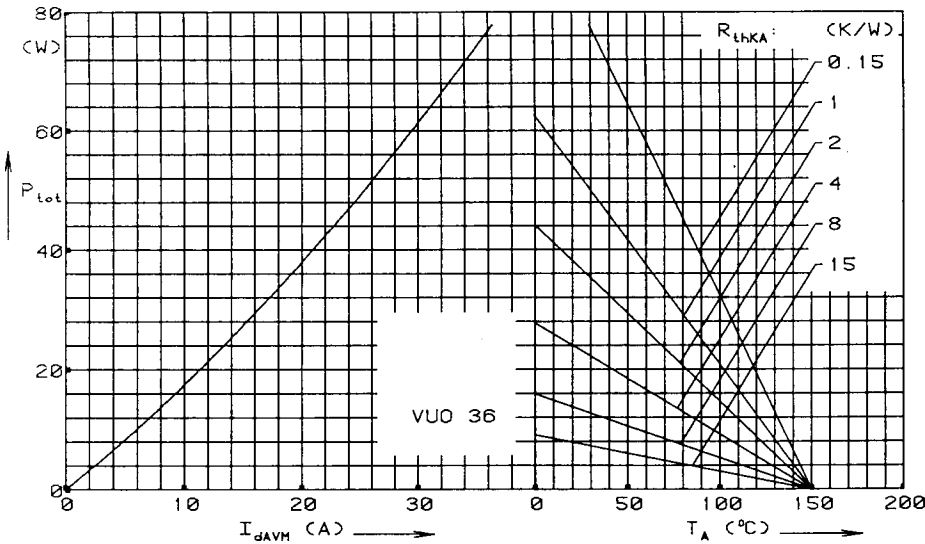


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

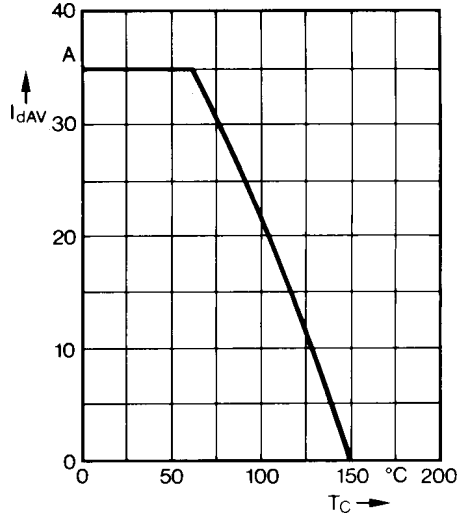


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at case temperature

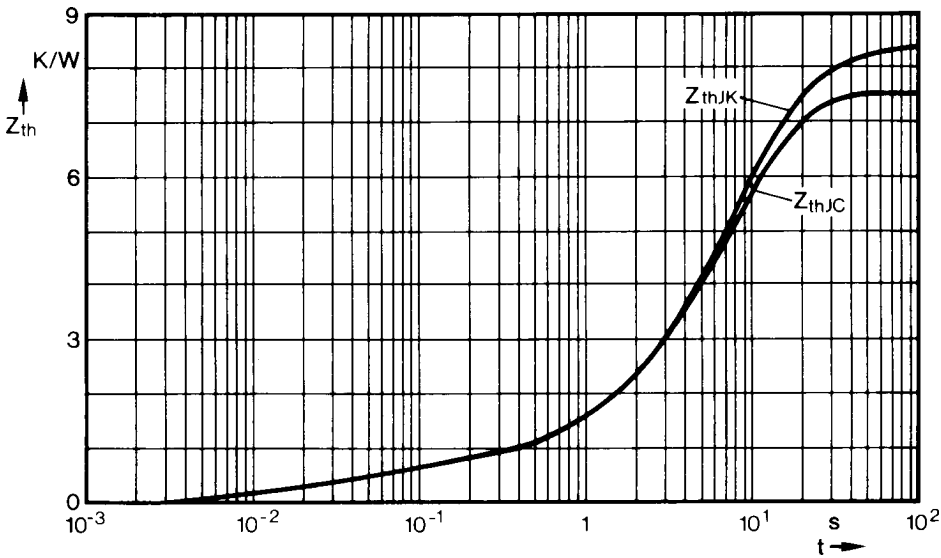


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance per diode

Constants for Z<sub>thJC</sub> calculation:

i	R <sub>thi</sub> (K/W)	t <sub>i</sub> (s)
1	0.183	0.032
2	0.528	0.085
3	1.89	5.9
4	4.9	8.3

Constants for Z<sub>thJK</sub> calculation:

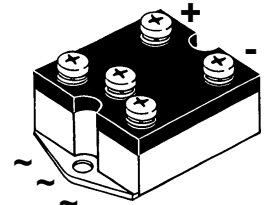
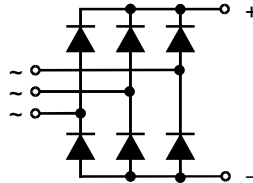
i	R <sub>thi</sub> (K/W)	t <sub>i</sub> (s)
1	0.183	0.032
2	0.528	0.085
3	1.89	5.9
4	4.9	8.3
5	0.9	28.0

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAVM} = 38 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1800 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
600	600	VUO 35-06NO7
1200	1200	VUO 35-12NO7
1400	1400	VUO 35-14NO7
1600	1600	VUO 35-16NO7
1800	1800	VUO 35-18NO7*

\* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAVM}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , module	38 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 400 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 440 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 360 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 400 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 800 A <sup>2s</sup>
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 810 A <sup>2s</sup>
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 650 A <sup>2s</sup>
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 670 A <sup>2s</sup>
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+150 °C
$T_{VJM}$		150 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+150 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 min 2500 V~
		t = 1 s 3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M4)	1.5 ± 15 % Nm
		13 ± 15 % lb.in.
$M_d$	Terminal connection torque (M4)	1.5 ± 15 % Nm
		13 ± 15 % lb.in.
Weight	typ.	135 g

### Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E 72873

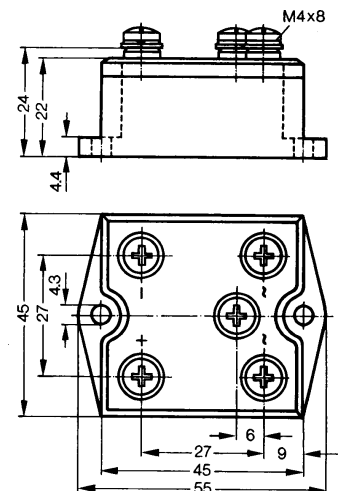
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 5.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 2.2 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.85 V
$r_T$		12 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode; DC current	4.2 K/W
	per module	0.7 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode; DC current	4.8 K/W
	per module	0.8 K/W

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

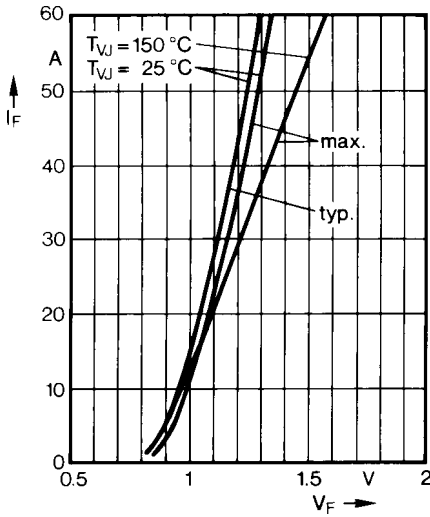


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

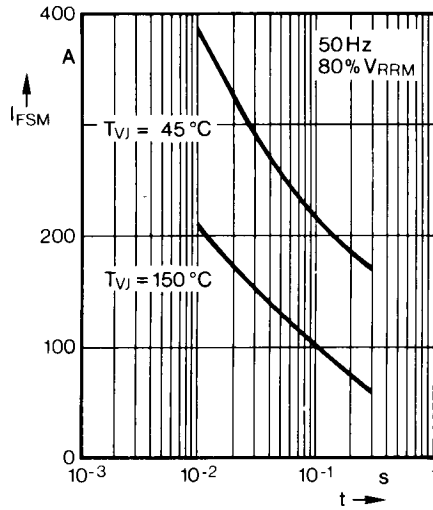


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value.  $t$ : duration

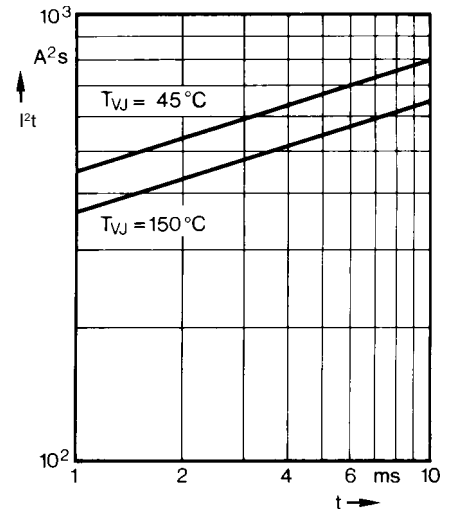


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

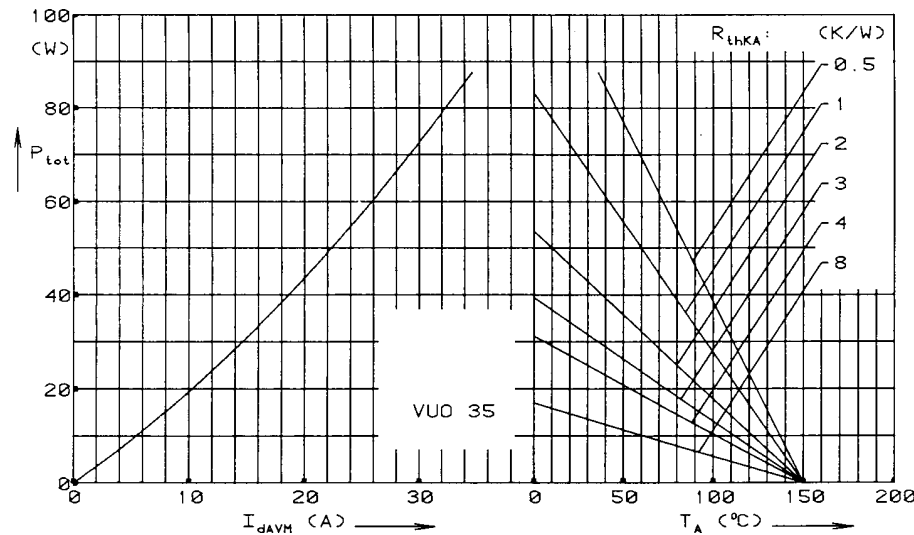


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

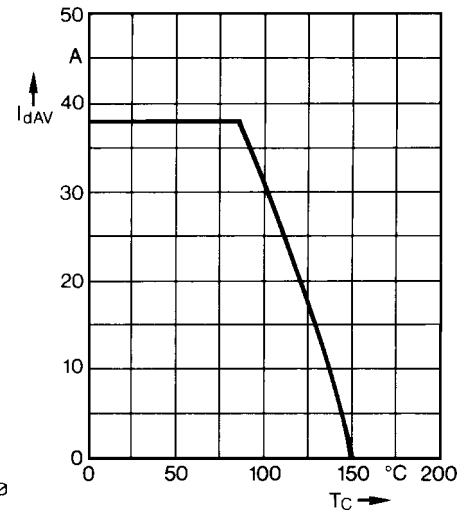


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at case temperature

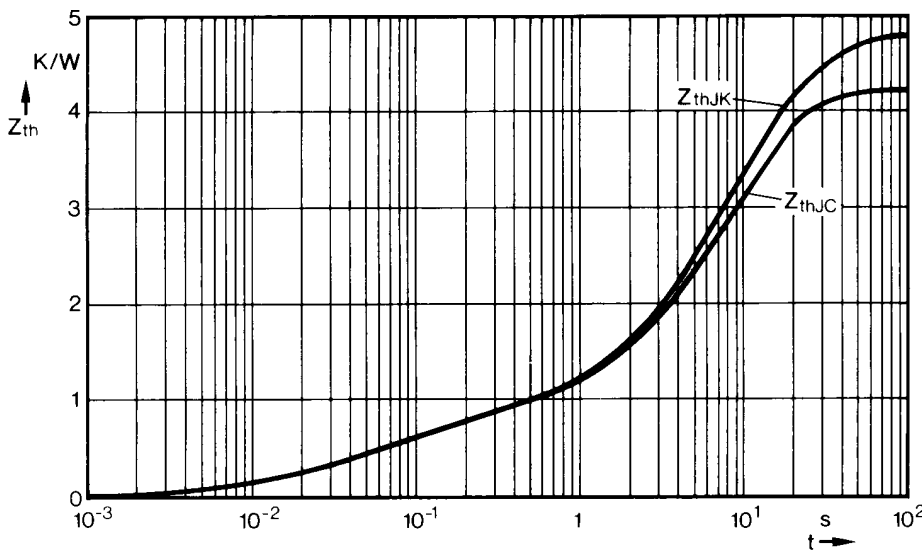


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance per diode

Constants for  $Z_{thJC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.194	0.024
2	0.556	0.07
3	0.45	3.25
4	3.0	9.3

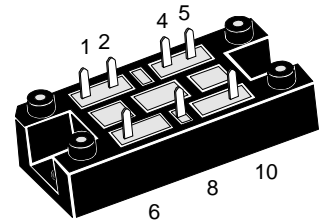
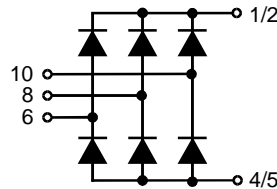
Constants for  $Z_{thJK}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.194	0.024
2	0.556	0.07
3	0.45	3.25
4	3.0	9.3
5	0.6	28.0

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAVM} = 45 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$**

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
900	800	VUO 34-08NO1
1300	1200	VUO 34-12NO1
1500	1400	VUO 34-14NO1
1700	1600	VUO 34-16NO1
1900	1800	VUO 34-18NO1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{dAV}$	$T_K = 90^\circ\text{C}$ , module	36	A
$I_{dAV}$	$T_A = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ( $R_{thKA} = 0.5 \text{ K/W}$ ), module	37	A
$I_{dAVM}$	module	45	A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	300 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	320 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	260 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	280 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	450 A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	425 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	340 A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	325 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+130	°C
$T_{VJM}$		130	°C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 s	3600 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque	(M5)	2 - 2.5 Nm
		(10-32UNF)	18-22 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	35	g

### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering
- UL registered E72873

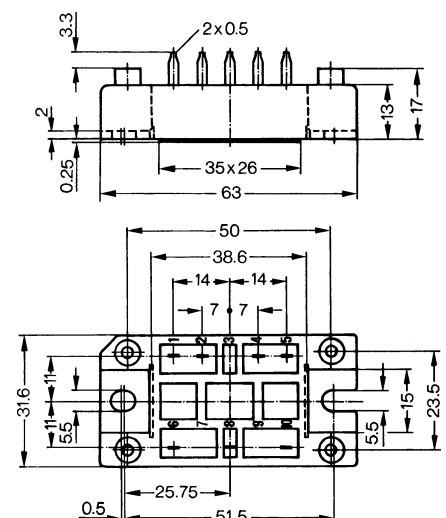
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	≤ 0.3 mA
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	≤ 5 mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 55 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		≤ 1.51 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only		0.8 V
$r_T$			15 mΩ
$R_{thJH}$	per diode, 120° rect.		2.5 K/W
	per module, 120° rect.		0.42 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface		12.7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air		9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration		50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

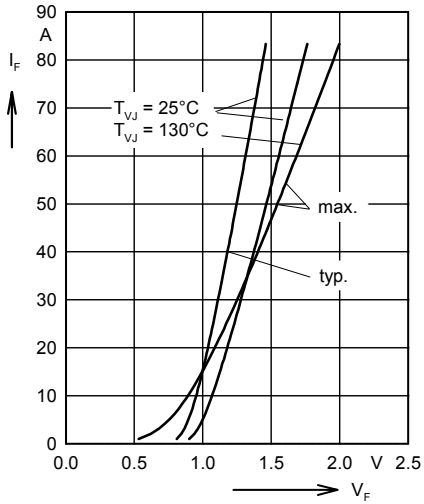


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

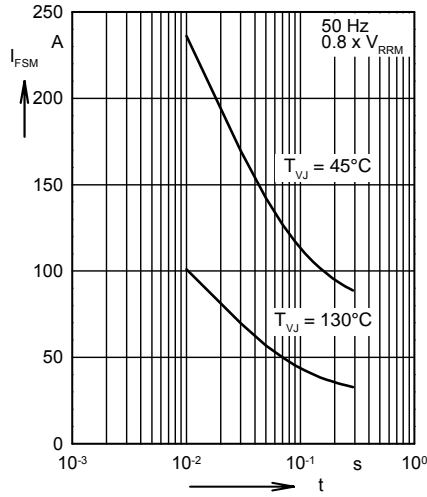


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value.  $t$ : duration

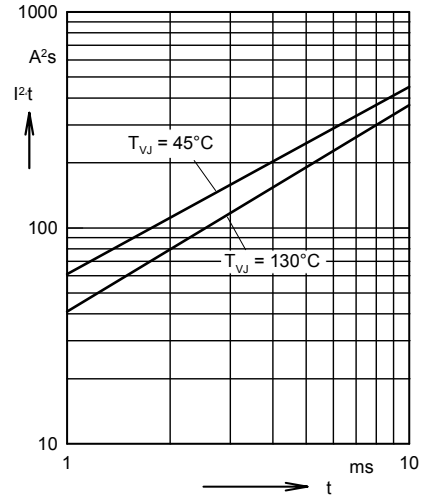


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

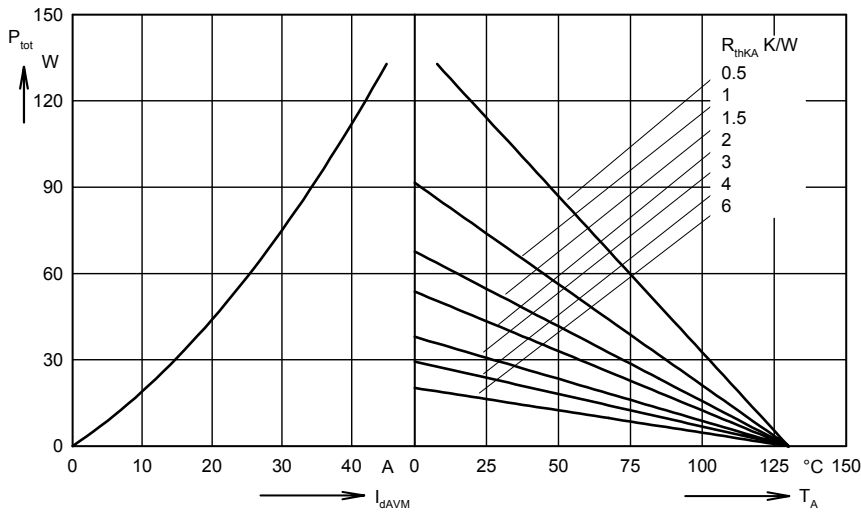


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

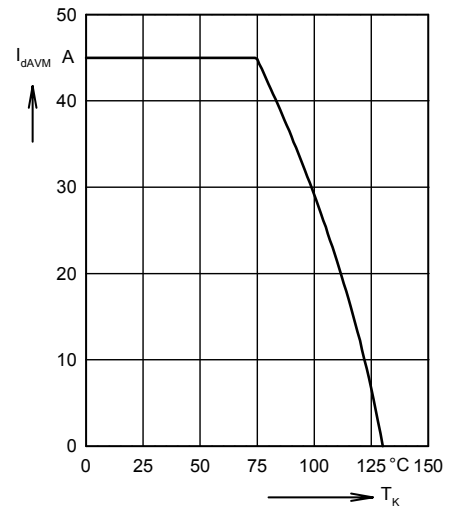


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at heatsink temperature  $T_K$

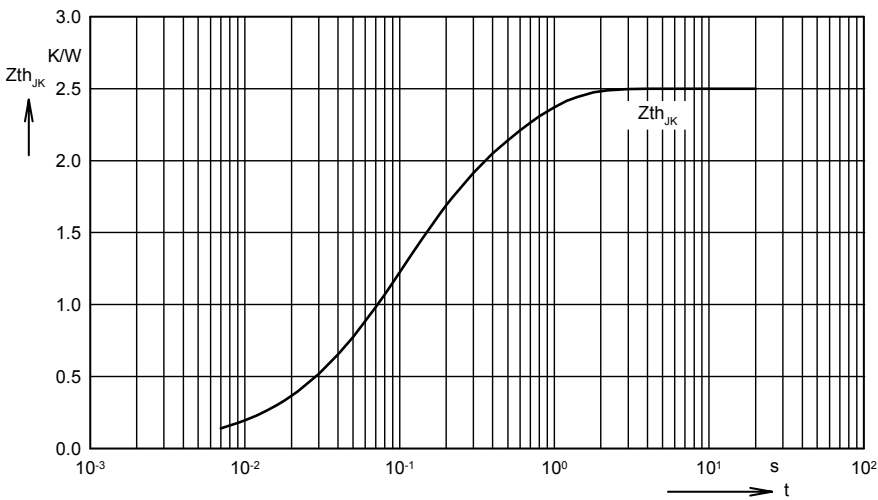


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink per diode

Constants for  $Z_{thJK}$  calculation:

i	$R_{th}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.005	0.008
2	0.3	0.05
3	1.245	0.1
4	0.95	0.5

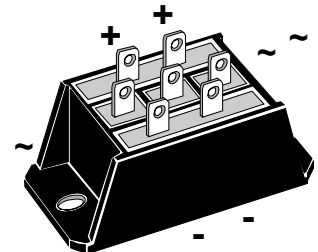
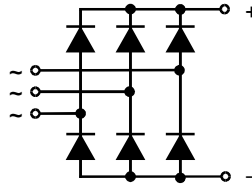


# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAV} = 37 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
900	800	VUO 30-08NO3
1300	1200	VUO 30-12NO3
1500	1400	VUO 30-14NO3
1700	1600	VUO 30-16NO3
1900	1800	VUO 30-18NO3*

\* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$ ①	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , module	37 A
$I_{dAVM}$ ①	module	50 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 300 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 330 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 270 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 290 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 450 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 460 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 365 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 355 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+125 °C
$T_{VJM}$		125 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min 3000 V~ t = 1 s 3600 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)	2-2.5 Nm
		18-22 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	50 g

### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- ¼" fast-on terminals
- UL registered E 72873

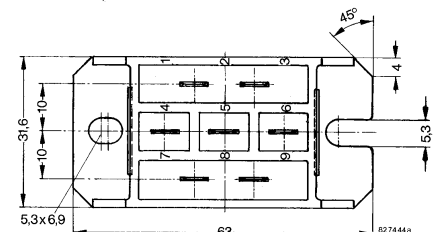
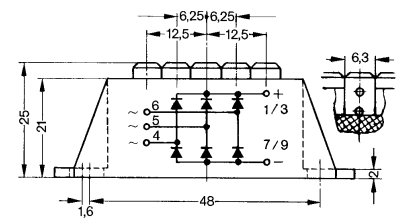
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Rectifier for DC motors field current

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.3 mA
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	5 mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.55 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.9 V
$r_T$		11 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode, DC current	2.4 K/W
	per module	0.4 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode, DC current	3.0 K/W
	per module	0.5 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	10 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.

① for resistive load at bridge output

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

**Use output terminals in parallel connection!**

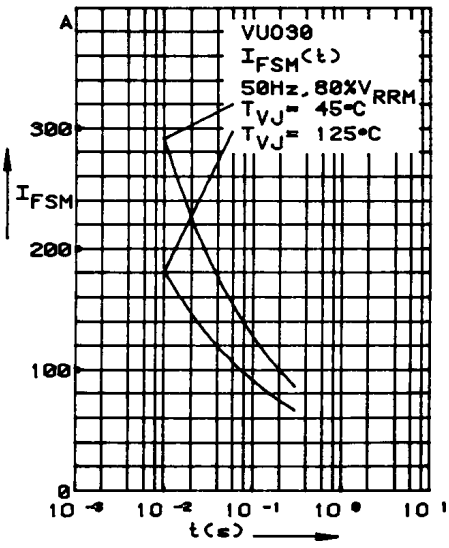


Fig. 1 Surge overload current  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value,  $t$ : duration

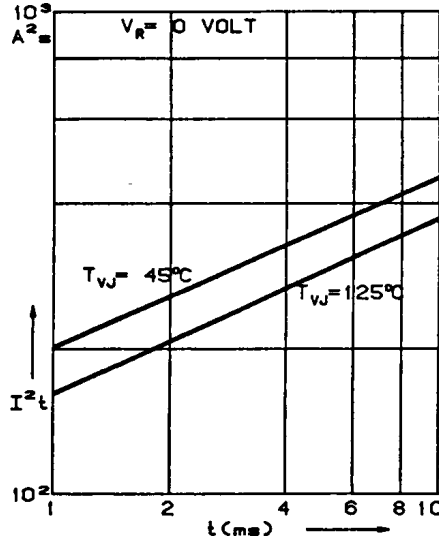


Fig. 2  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms)

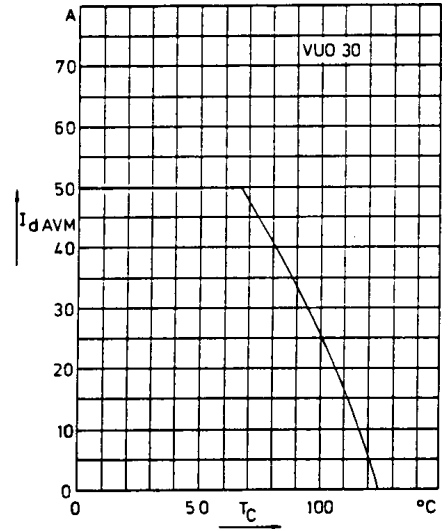


Fig. 3 Max. forward current at case temperature

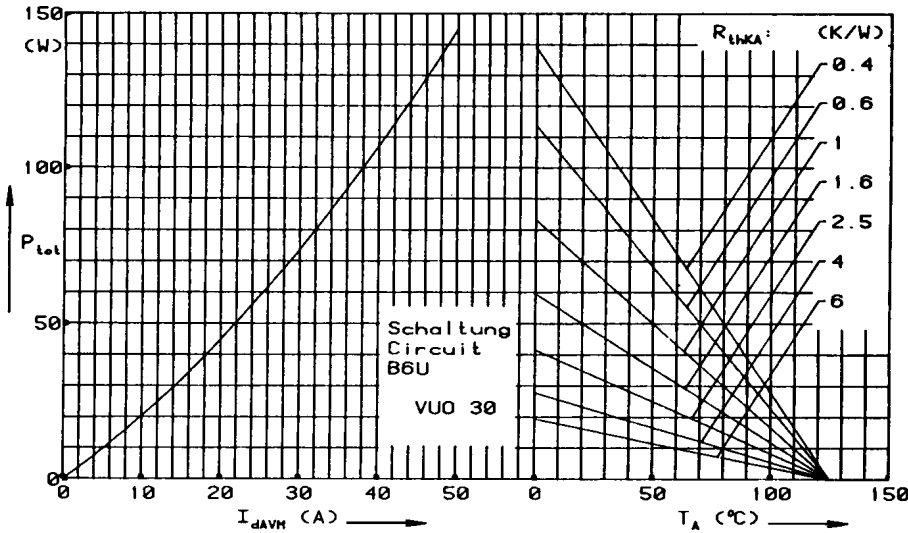


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature

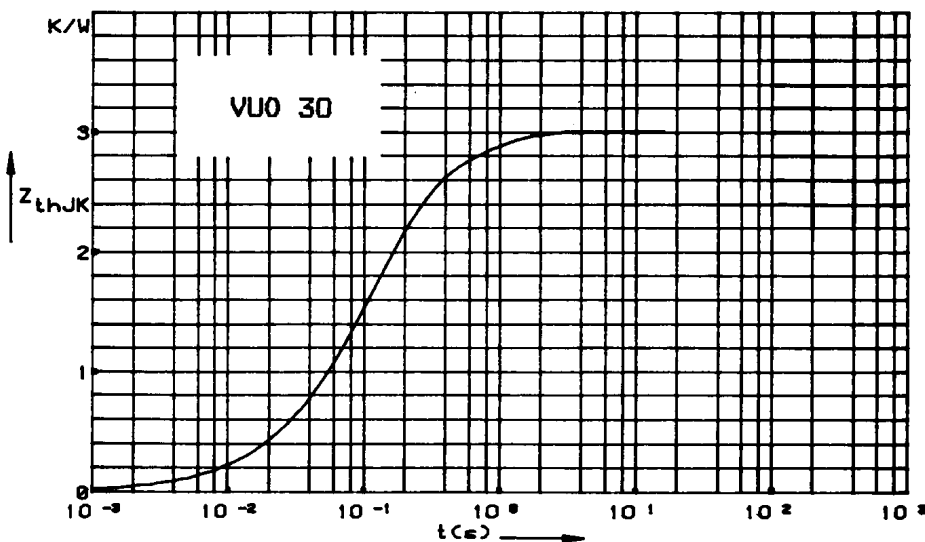


Fig. 5 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink per diode

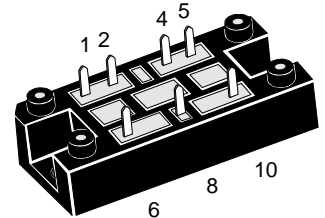
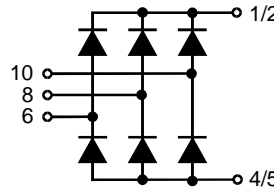
Constants for  $Z_{thJK}$  calculation:

$i$	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.489	0.0717
2	0.544	0.1241
3	1.376	0.1214
4	0.6	0.620

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAVM} = 55 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$**

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
900	800	VUO 52-08NO1
1300	1200	VUO 52-12NO1
1500	1400	VUO 52-14NO1
1700	1600	VUO 52-16NO1
1900	1800	VUO 52-18NO1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{dAV}$	$T_K = 90^\circ\text{C}$ , module	54	A
$I_{dAV}$	$T_A = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ( $R_{thKA} = 0.5 \text{ K/W}$ ), module	43	A
$I_{dAVM}$	module	55	A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	350 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	375 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	305 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	325 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	615 A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	590 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	465 A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	445 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+130	°C
$T_{VJM}$		130	°C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 s	3600 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque	(M5)	2 - 2.5 Nm
		(10-32UNF)	18-22 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	35	g

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	≤ 0.3 mA
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	≤ 5 mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 55 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		≤ 1.46 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only		0.8 V
$r_T$			12.5 mΩ
$R_{thJH}$	per diode, 120° rect.		1.5 K/W
	per module, 120° rect.		0.25 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface		12.7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air		9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration		50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

## Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering
- UL registered E72873

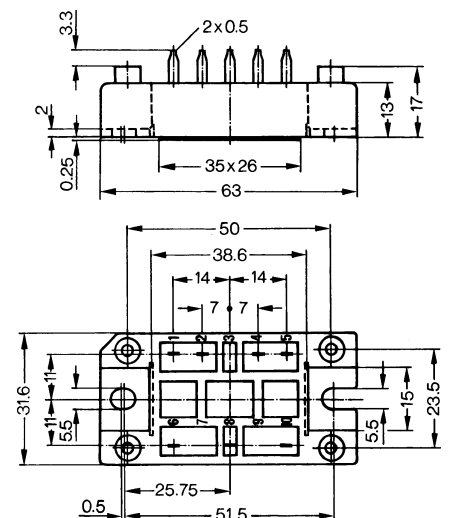
## Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

## Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

## Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



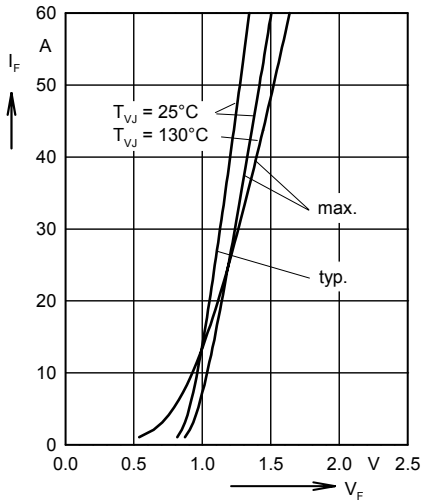


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

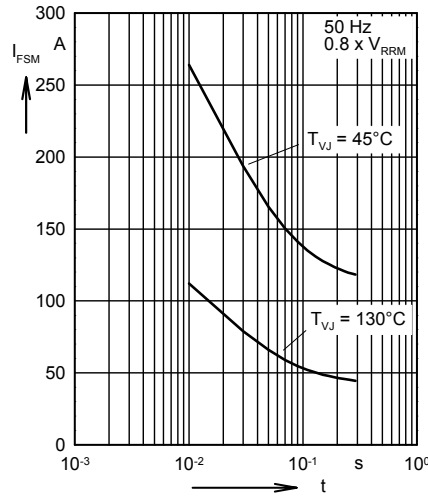


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode  
I<sub>FSM</sub>: Crest value. t:duration

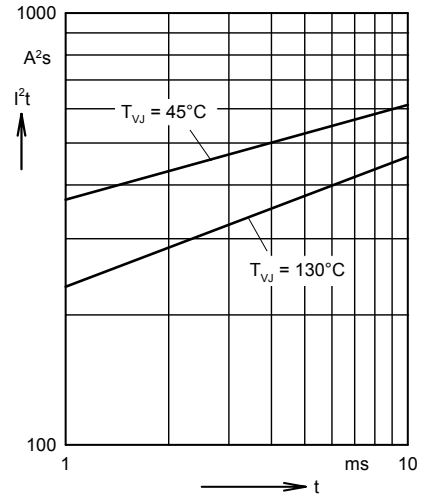


Fig. 3 I<sup>2</sup>t versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

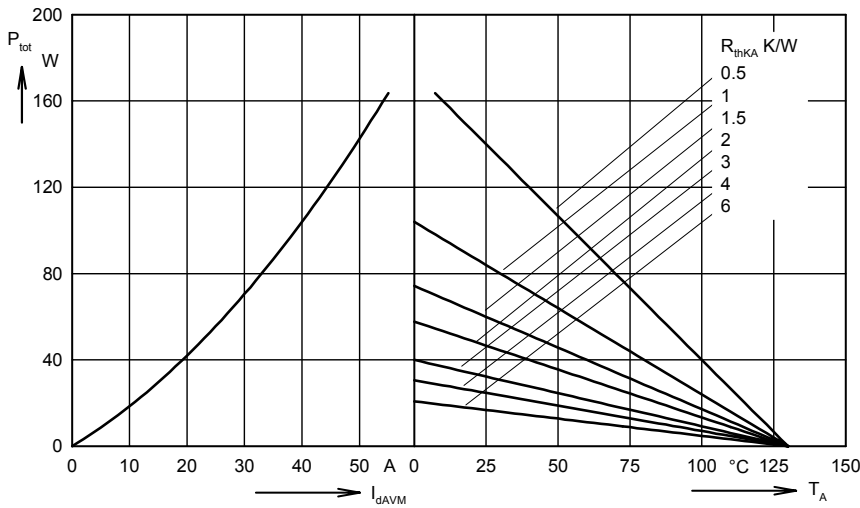


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

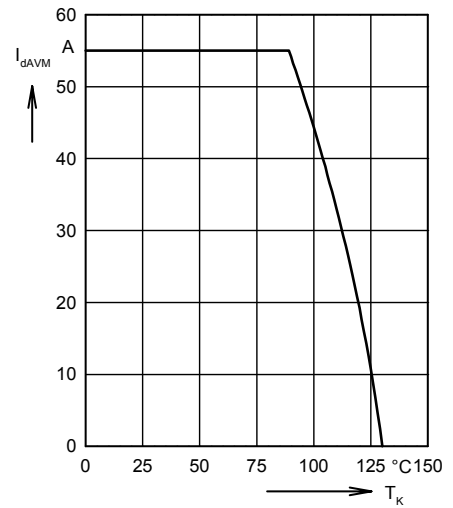


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at heatsink temperature T<sub>K</sub>

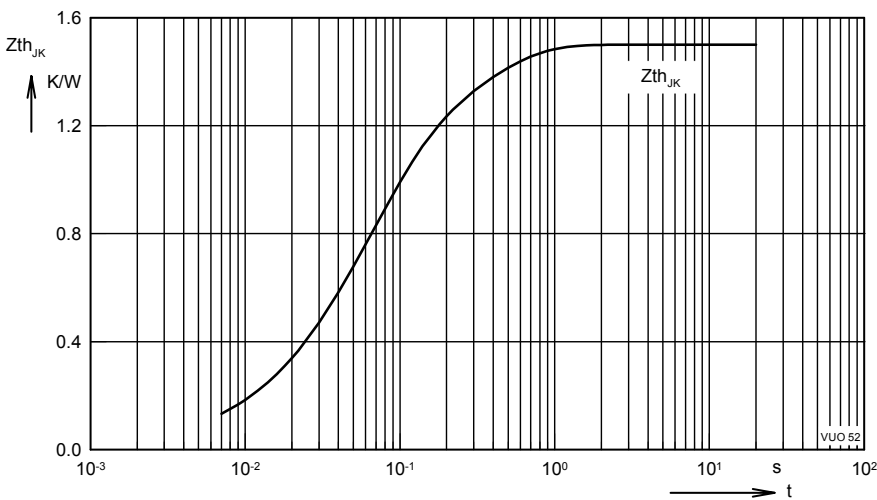


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink per diode

Constants for Z<sub>thJK</sub> calculation:

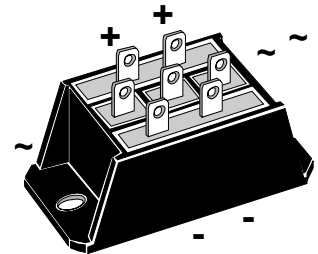
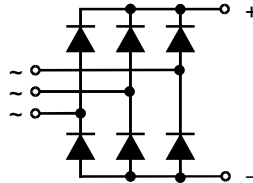
i	R <sub>th</sub> (K/W)	t <sub>i</sub> (s)
1	0.005	0.008
2	0.2	0.05
3	0.845	0.06
4	0.45	0.3

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAV} = 58 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$**

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
900	800	VUO 50-08NO3
1300	1200	VUO 50-12NO3
1500	1400	VUO 50-14NO3
1700	1600	VUO 50-16NO3
1900	1800	VUO 50-18NO3*

\* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$ ①	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , module	58 A
$I_{dAVM}$ ①	module	75 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 500 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 525 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 415 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 440 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1250 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1160 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 860 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 810 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+125 °C
$T_{VJM}$		125 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min 3000 V~ t = 1 s 3600 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)	2-2.5 Nm
		18-22 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	50 g

### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- ¼" fast-on terminals
- UL registered E 72873

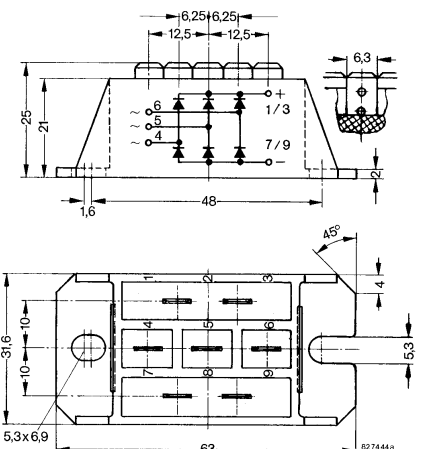
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Rectifier for DC motors field current

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.3 mA
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	5 mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.9 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.9 V
$r_T$		6.0 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode, DC current	1.62 K/W
	per module	0.27 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode, DC current	2.22 K/W
	per module	0.37 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	10 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.

① for resistive load at bridge output

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

**Use output terminals in parallel connection!**

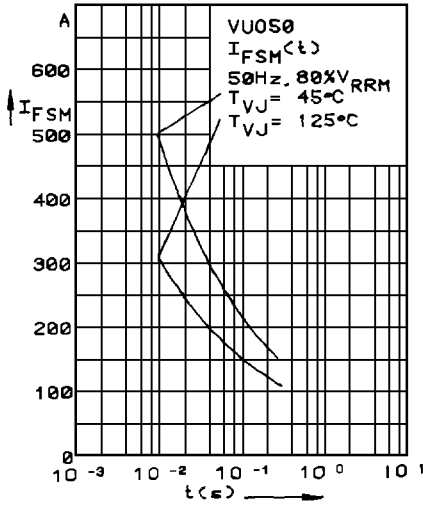


Fig. 1 Surge overload current  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value,  $t$ : duration

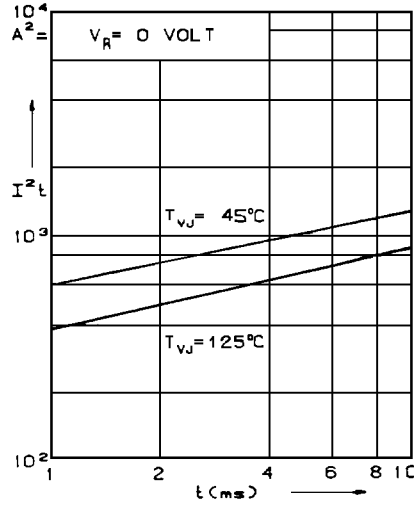


Fig. 2  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms)

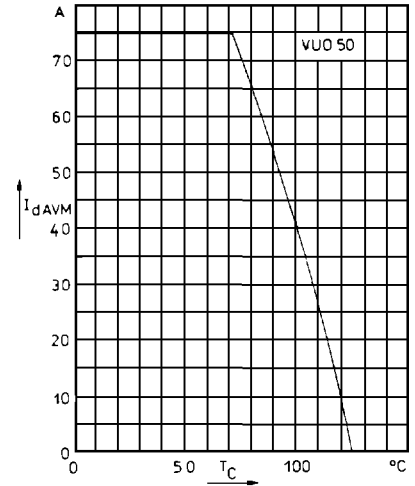


Fig. 3 Max. forward current at case temperature

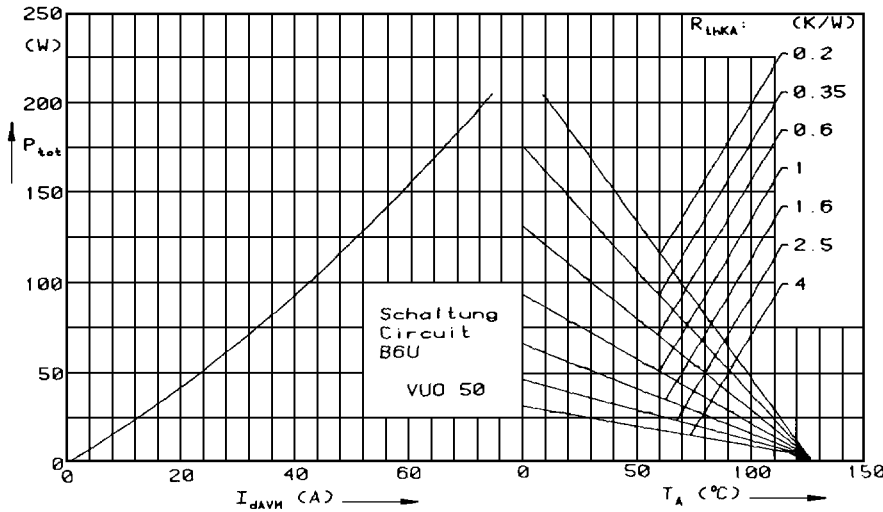


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature

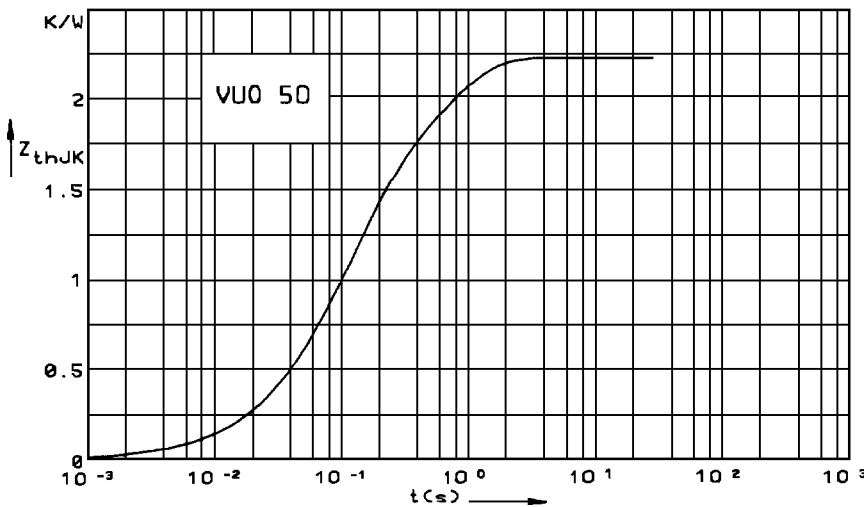


Fig. 5 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink per diode

Constants for  $Z_{thJK}$  calculation:

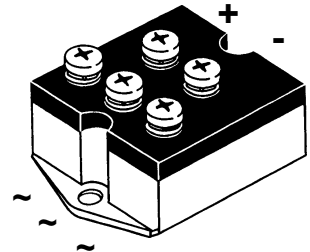
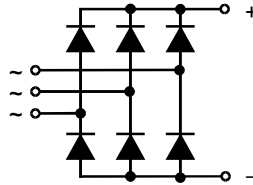
i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	1.21	0.1015
2	0.1339	0.1026
3	0.2763	0.4919
4	0.600	0.620

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAVM} = 58 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 1200-1800 \text{ V}$**

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
1200	1200	VUO 55-12NO7
1400	1400	VUO 55-14NO7
1600	1600	VUO 55-16NO7
1800	1800	VUO 55-18NO7*

\* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAVM}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , module	58 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 750 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 820 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 670 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 740 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 2800 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 2820 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 2250 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 2300 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+150 °C
$T_{VJM}$		150 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+150 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 min 2500 V~ t = 1 s 3000 V~
	$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) 5 ± 15 % Nm 44 ± 15 % lb.in. Terminal connection torque (M5) 3 ± 15 % Nm 26 ± 15 % lb.in.
Weight	typ.	260 g

### Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E 72873

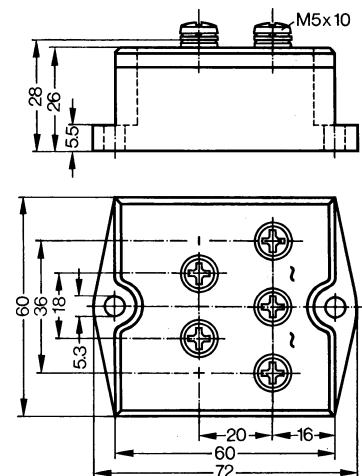
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 10.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.6 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.85 V
$r_T$		8 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode; DC current	2.7 K/W
	per module	0.45 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode; DC current	3.06 K/W
	per module	0.51 K/W

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

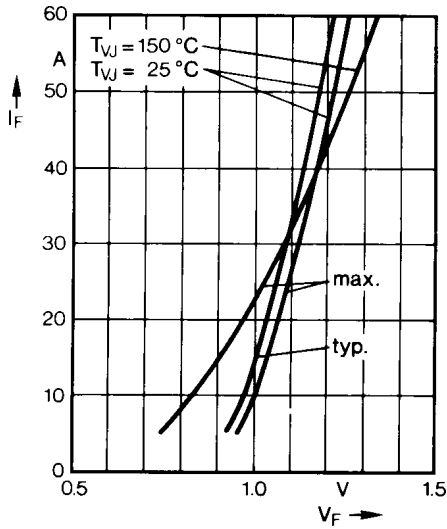


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

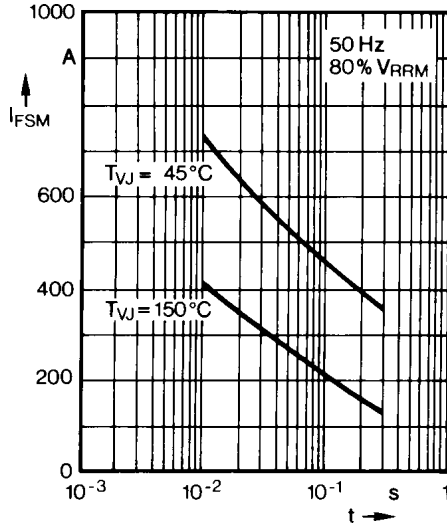


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode  
I<sub>FSM</sub>: Crest value. t: duration

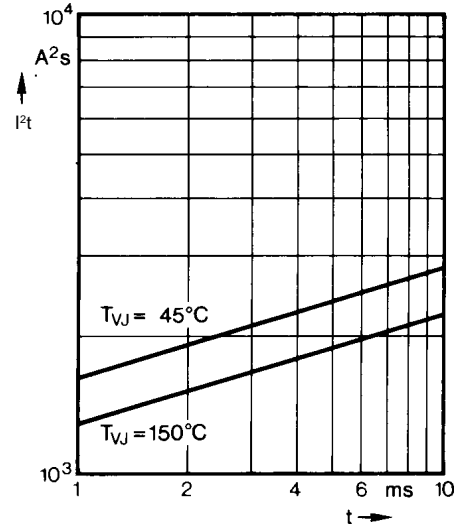


Fig. 3 I<sup>2</sup>t versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

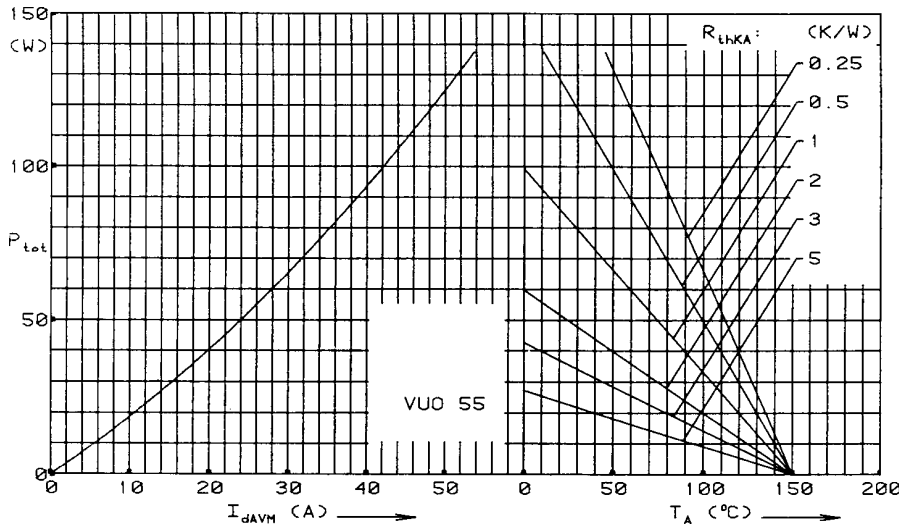


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

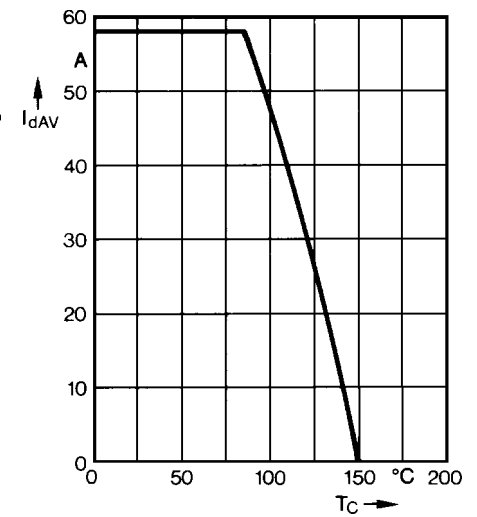


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at case temperature

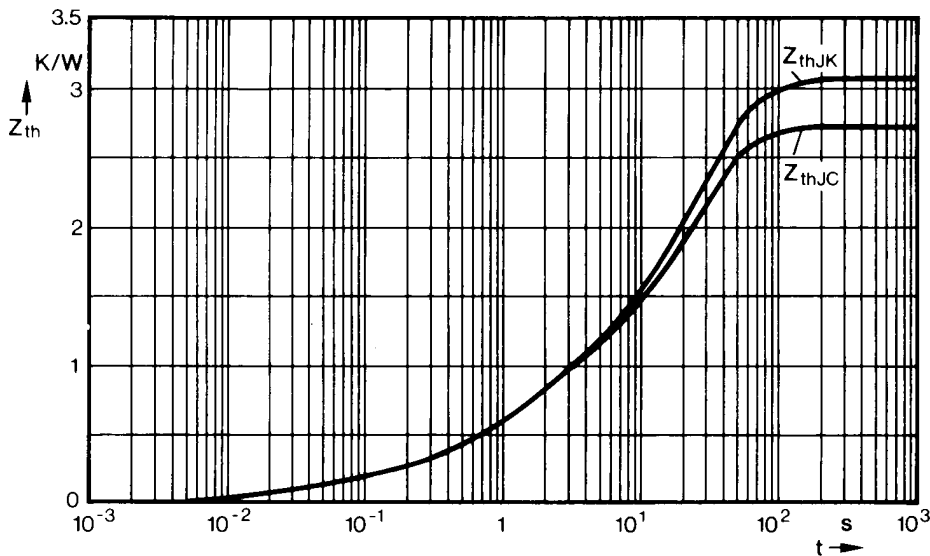


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance per diode

Constants for Z<sub>thJC</sub> calculation:

i	R <sub>thi</sub> (K/W)	t <sub>i</sub> (s)
1	0.036	0.013
2	0.149	0.034
3	0.615	1.35
4	1.9	23.0

Constants for Z<sub>thJK</sub> calculation:

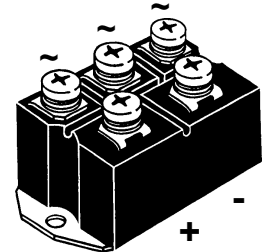
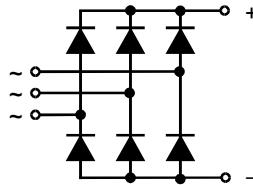
i	R <sub>thi</sub> (K/W)	t <sub>i</sub> (s)
1	0.036	0.013
2	0.149	0.034
3	0.615	1.35
4	1.9	23.0
5	0.36	52.0



# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**I<sub>dAV</sub> = 63/88 A**  
**V<sub>RRM</sub> = 800-1800 V**

V <sub>RSM</sub> V	V <sub>RRM</sub> V	Type	
600	600	VUO 62-06NO7	VUO 82-06NO7
800	800	VUO 62-08NO7	VUO 82-08NO7
1200	1200	VUO 62-12NO7	VUO 82-12NO7
1400	1400	VUO 62-14NO7	VUO 82-14NO7
1600	1600	VUO 62-16NO7	VUO 82-16NO7
1800	1800	VUO 62-18NO7*	VUO 82-18NO7*



\* delivery time on request

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings			
		VUO 62	VUO 82		
I <sub>dAV</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 110°C, module	63	88	A	
I <sub>dAV</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 45°C (R <sub>thCA</sub> = 0.6 K/W), module	48	57	A	
I <sub>FSM</sub>	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 45°C; V <sub>R</sub> = 0	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	550	750	A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	600	820	A
I <sup>2</sup> t	T <sub>VJ</sub> = T <sub>VJM</sub> V <sub>R</sub> = 0	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	500	670	A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	550	740	A
I <sup>2</sup> t	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 45°C V <sub>R</sub> = 0	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	1520	2800	A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	1520	2800	A <sup>2</sup> s
I <sup>2</sup> t	T <sub>VJ</sub> = T <sub>VJM</sub> V <sub>R</sub> = 0	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	1250	2250	A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	1250	2250	A <sup>2</sup> s
T <sub>VJ</sub>		-40...+150		°C	
T <sub>VJM</sub>		150		°C	
T <sub>stg</sub>		-40...+125		°C	
V <sub>ISOL</sub>	50/60 Hz, RMS I <sub>ISOL</sub> ≤ 1 mA	t = 1 min	2500	V~	
		t = 1 s	3000	V~	
M <sub>d</sub>	Mounting torque (M5) Terminal connection torque (M5)	5 ± 15 %		Nm	
		5 ± 15 %		Nm	
Weight	typ.	160		g	

### Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E72873

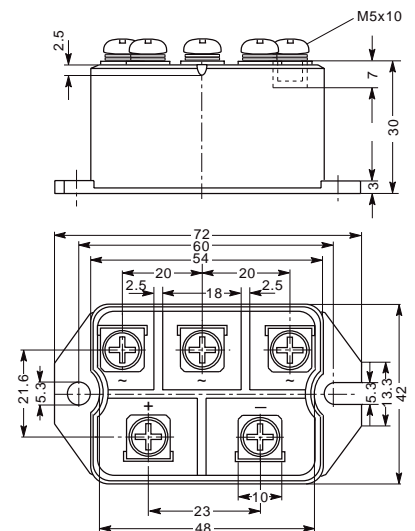
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		VUO 62	VUO 82	
I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>RRM</sub> ; T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C	≤ 0.3	0.3	mA
	V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>RRM</sub> ; T <sub>VJ</sub> = T <sub>VJM</sub>	≤ 5	5	mA
V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 150 A; T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C	≤ 1.8	1.6	V
V <sub>T0</sub>	For power-loss calculations only	0.8	0.8	V
r <sub>T</sub>		8	5	mΩ
R <sub>thJC</sub>	per diode	1.45	1.1	K/W
	per module	0.24	0.183	K/W
R <sub>thJH</sub>	per diode	1.87	1.52	K/W
	per module	0.31	0.253	K/W
d <sub>s</sub>	Creeping distance on surface	10		mm
d <sub>A</sub>	Creepage distance in air	9.4		mm
a	Max. allowable acceleration	50		m/s <sup>2</sup>

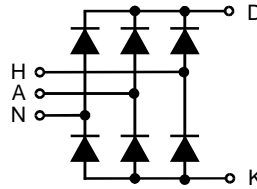
Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.  
 IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

## Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAV} = 68 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 800-1600 \text{ V}$

Preliminary data

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Types
900	800	VUO 68-08NO7
1300	1200	VUO 68-12NO7
1500	1400	VUO 68-14NO7
1700	1600	VUO 68-16NO7



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{dAV}$ ①	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ , module	68 A	
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	300 A 320 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	260 A 280 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	450 A <sup>2</sup> s 425 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	340 A <sup>2</sup> s 325 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+150 °C	
$T_{VJM}$		150 °C	
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C	
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ min}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$	2500 V~ 3000 V~
	$M_d$	Mounting torque (M4)	1.5 - 2 Nm 14 - 18 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	18 g	

### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Low forward voltage drop
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering

### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

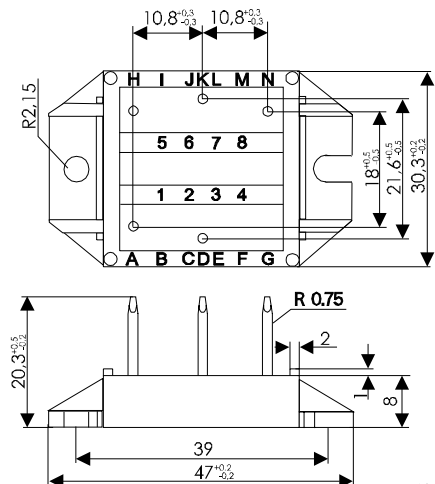
- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling capability
- Small and light weight

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 0.5 \text{ mA}$ $\leq 3 \text{ mA}$
	$V_F$	$I_F = 55 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.46 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V	
$r_T$		13 mΩ	
$R_{thJC}$	per diode; DC current	1.1 K/W	
	per module	0.18 K/W	
$R_{thJH}$	per diode; DC current	1.6 K/W	
	per module	0.27 K/W	
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	11.2 mm	
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.7 mm	
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>	

Data according to IEC 60747 refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated  
 ① for resistive load at bridge output.

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



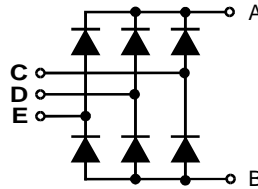
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# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAV} = 70 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 800-1600 \text{ V}$**

Preliminary data

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Types
900	800	VUO 70-08NO7
1300	1200	VUO 70-12NO7
1500	1400	VUO 70-14NO7
1700	1600	VUO 70-16NO7



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$ ①	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ , module	70 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 550 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 600 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 500 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 550 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1520 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1520 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1250 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1250 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+150 °C
$T_{VJM}$		150 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min 2500 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 s 3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)	5 ± 15 % Nm
		44 ± 15 % lb.in.
Weight	typ.	110 g

## Features

- Package with copper base plate
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Low forward voltage drop
- ¼" fast-on power terminals

## Applications

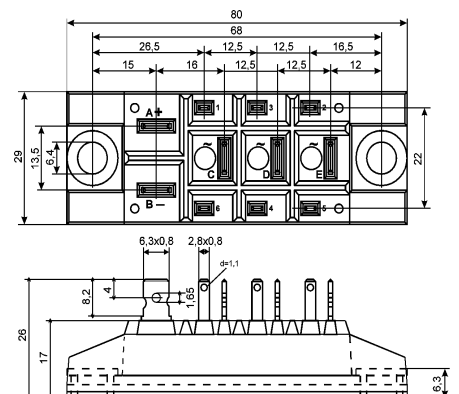
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

## Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling capability
- Small and light weight

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.5 \text{ mA}$
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.7 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		8 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode; DC current	1.45 K/W
	per module	0.363 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode; DC current	1.9 K/W
	per module	0.475 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	16.1 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	7.5 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

## Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated

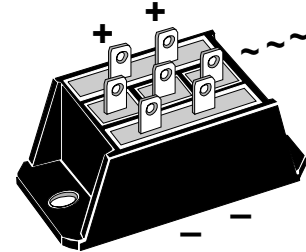
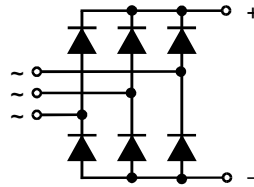
① for resistive load at bridge output. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

## Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAV} = 72 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1800 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
1300	1200	VUO 60-12NO3
1500	1400	VUO 60-14NO3
1700	1600	VUO 60-16NO3
1900	1800	VUO 60-18NO3*

\* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{dAV}$ ①	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , module	72 A	
$I_{dAVM}$ ①	module	75 A	
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	600 A 650 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	540 A 600 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	1800 $\text{A}^2\text{s}$ 1770 $\text{A}^2\text{s}$
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	1460 $\text{A}^2\text{s}$ 1510 $\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+125 $^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{VJM}$		125 $^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 $^\circ\text{C}$	
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)		2-2.5 Nm
			18-22 lb.in.
Weight	typ.		50 g

### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- 1/4" fast-on terminals
- UL registered E 72873

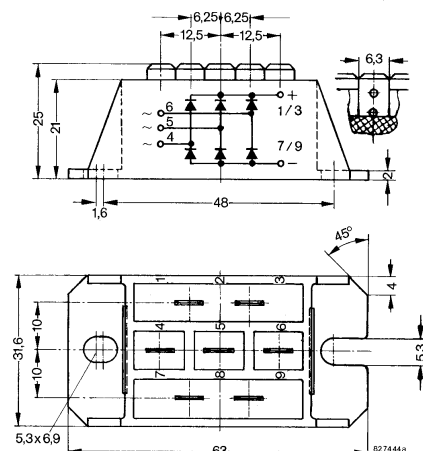
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Rectifier for DC motors field current

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.3 mA
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	5 mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.9 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		6.5 $\text{m}\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	per diode, DC current	1.2 K/W
	per module	0.2 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode, DC current	1.6 K/W
	per module	0.27 K/W
$d_s$	Creep distance on surface	10 mm
$d_A$	Strike distance in air	9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 $\text{m/s}^2$

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.

① for resistive load at bridge output

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

**Use output terminals in parallel connection!**

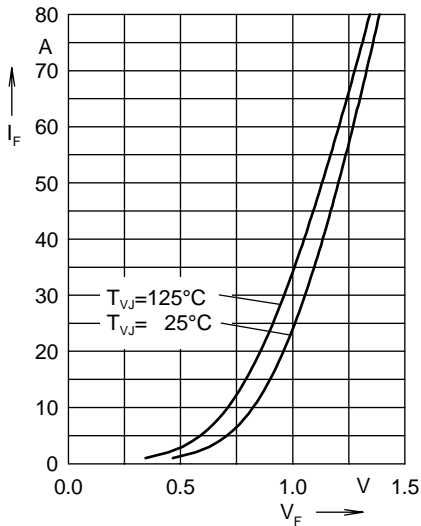


Fig. 4 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

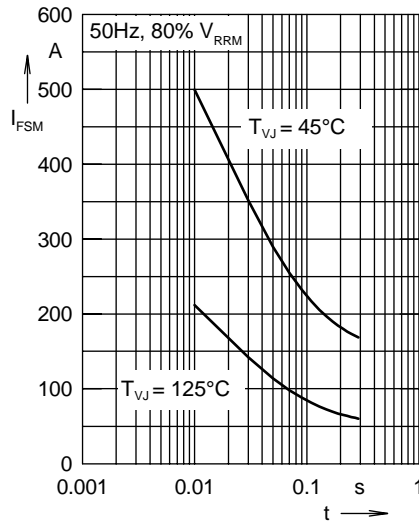


Fig. 5 Surge overload current

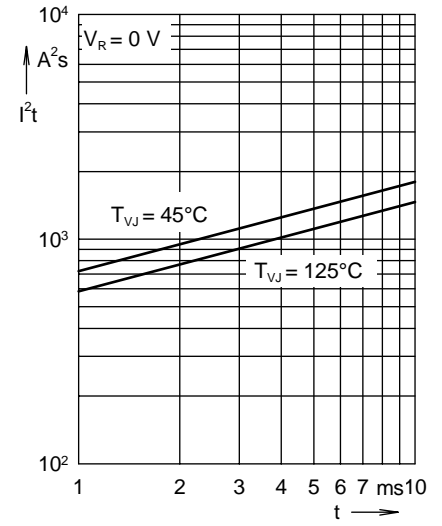


Fig. 6  $I^2t$  versus time per diode

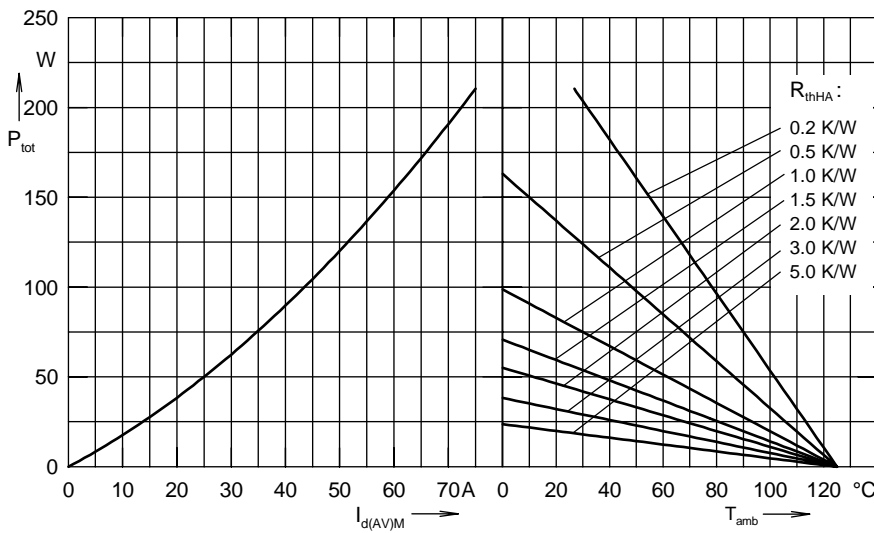


Fig. 7 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

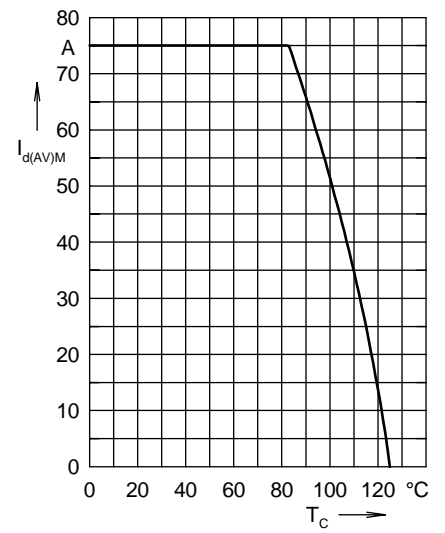


Fig. 8 Max. forward current versus case temperature

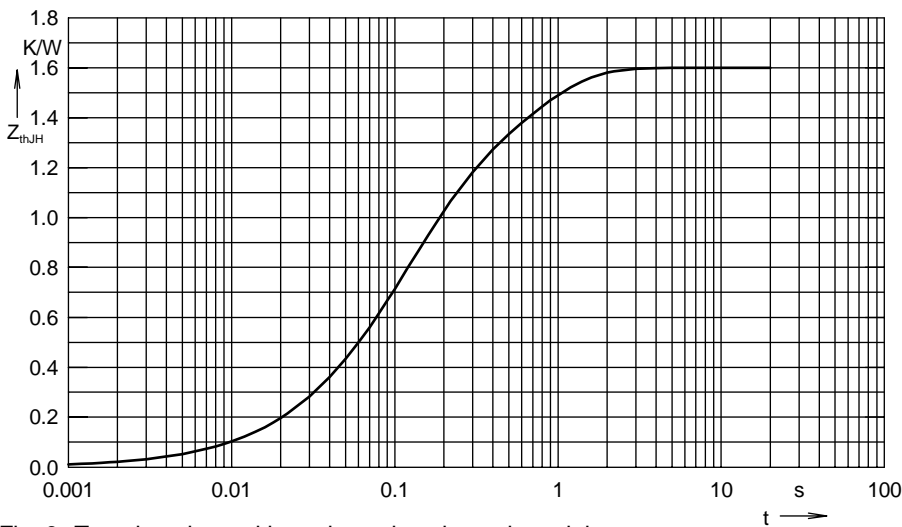


Fig. 9 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink

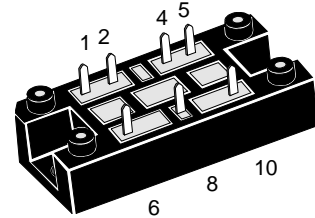
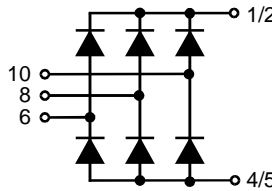
Constants for  $Z_{thJH}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.883	0.102
2	0.098	0.103
3	0.202	0.492
4	0.417	0.62

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAVM} = 82 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$**

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
900	800	VUO 80-08NO1
1300	1200	VUO 80-12NO1
1500	1400	VUO 80-14NO1
1700	1600	VUO 80-16NO1
1900	1800	VUO 80-18NO1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$ $I_{dAVM}$	$T_K = 90^\circ\text{C}$ , module module	82 A 82 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 600 A $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 640 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 520 A $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 555 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 1800 A <sup>2</sup> s $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 1720 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 1350 A <sup>2</sup> s $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 1295 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$ $T_{VJM}$ $T_{stg}$		-40...+150 °C 150 °C -40...+130 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ min}$ 3000 V~ $t = 1 \text{ s}$ 3600 V~
	$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32UNF) 2 - 2.5 Nm 18-22 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	35 g

### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering
- UL registered E72873

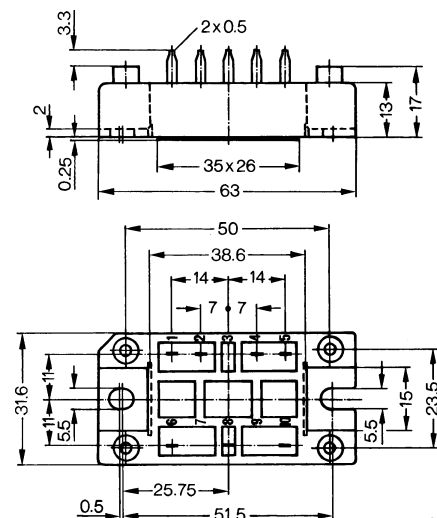
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 6 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 80 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.5 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		7.5 mΩ
$R_{thJH}$	per diode, 120° rect.	1.42 K/W
	per module, 120° rect.	0.24 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	12.7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.  
 IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

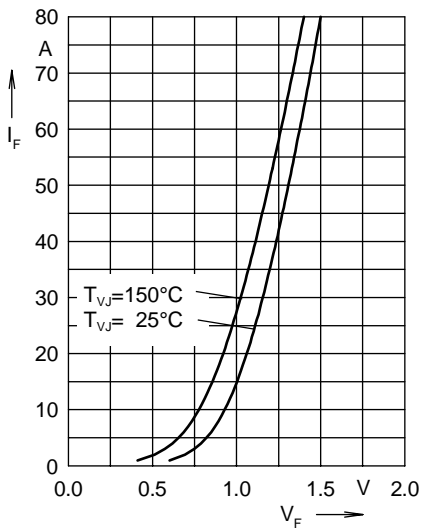


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

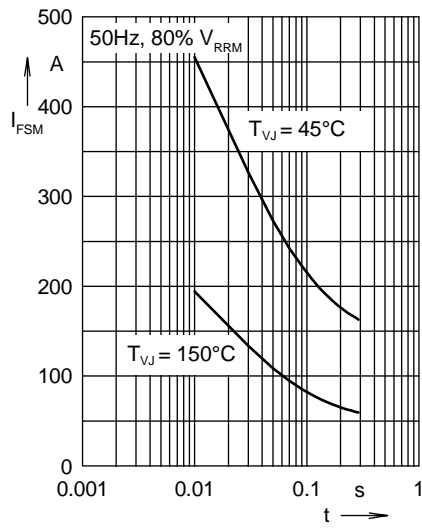


Fig. 2 Surge overload current

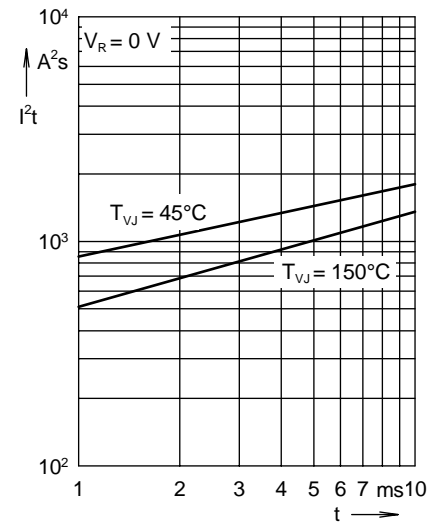


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time per diode

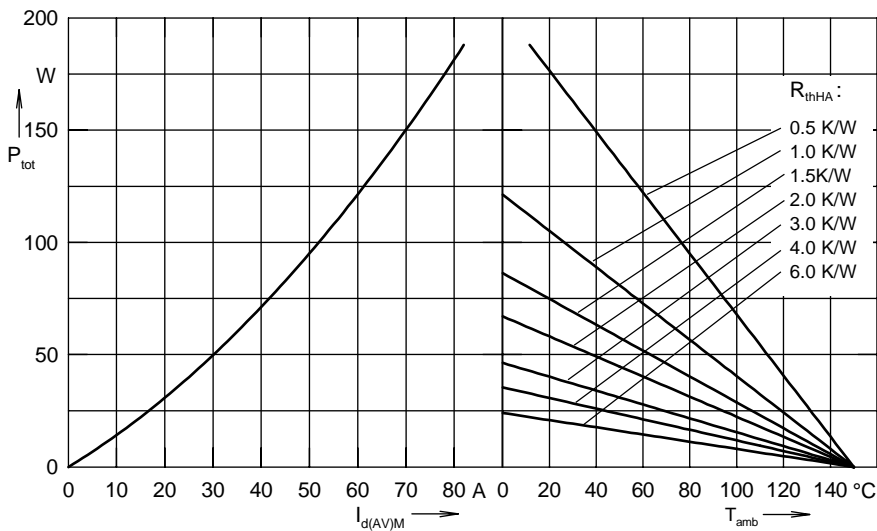


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

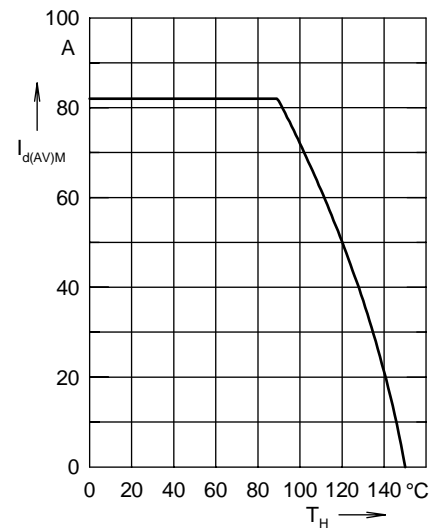


Fig. 5 Max. forward current versus heatsink temperature

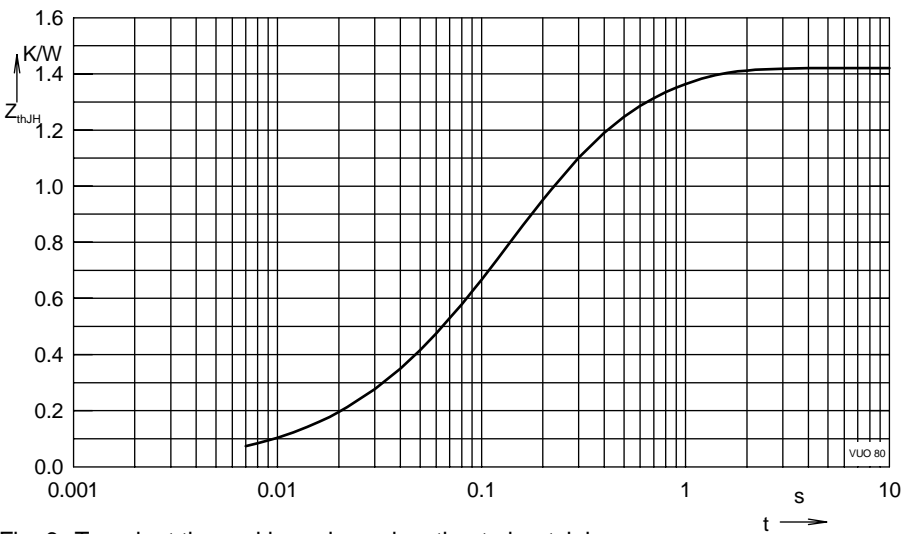


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink

Constants for  $Z_{thJH}$  calculation:

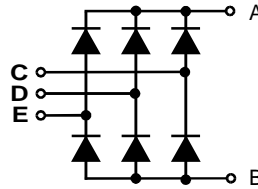
i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.005	0.01
2	0.21	0.05
3	0.795	0.14
4	0.41	0.5

## Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAV} = 85 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 800-1600 \text{ V}$

Preliminary data

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Types
900	800	VUO 85-08NO7
1300	1200	VUO 85-12NO7
1500	1400	VUO 85-14NO7
1700	1600	VUO 85-16NO7



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$ ①	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ , module	85 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 750 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 820 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 600 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 700 A
$T_{VJ}$ $T_{VJM}$ $T_{stg}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 2800 A <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 2820 A <sup>2</sup> s
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$ $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$	2500 V~
		3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)	5 ± 15 % Nm 44 ± 15 % lb.in.
Weight	typ.	110 g

### Features

- Package with copper base plate
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Low forward voltage drop
- ¼" fast-on power terminals

### Applications

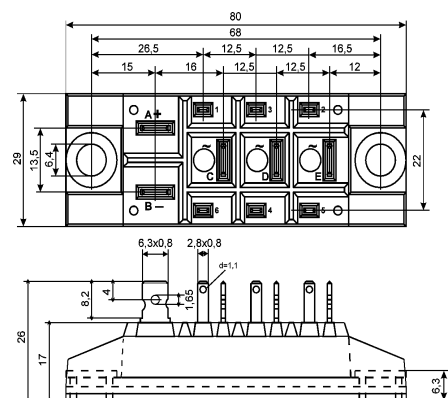
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling capability
- Small and light weight

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $V_R = V_{RRM}$ ;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ≤ 0.5 mA
		$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ≤ 10 mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	≤ 1.6 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		6 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode; DC current per module	1.3 K/W
		0.22 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode, DC current per module	1.6 K/W
		0.27 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	16.1 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	7.5 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated

① for resistive load at bridge output. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

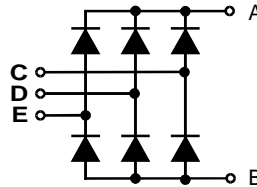


# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAV} = 86 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 800-1600 \text{ V}$**

Preliminary data

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Types
900	800	VUO 86-08NO7
1300	1200	VUO 86-12NO7
1500	1400	VUO 86-14NO7
1700	1600	VUO 86-16NO7



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$ ①	$T_C = 90^\circ\text{C}$ , module	86 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 530 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 570 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 480 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 520 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 1400 A <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 1360 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 1150 A <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 1140 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+150 °C
$T_{VJM}$		150 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$ $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$	2500 V~
		3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M4)	1.5 - 2 Nm 14 - 18 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	18 g

## Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Low forward voltage drop
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering

## Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

## Advantages

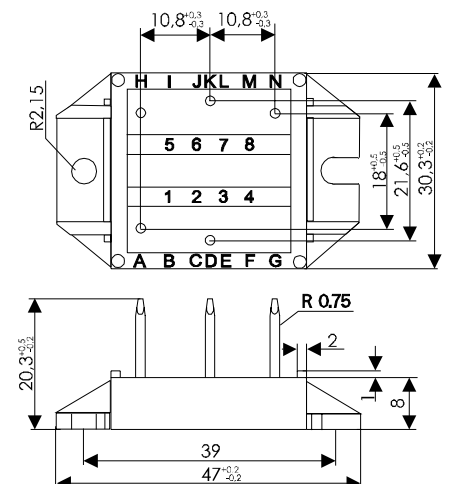
- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling capability
- Small and light weight

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $V_R = V_{RRM}$ ;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $\leq 0.5 \text{ mA}$
		$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $\leq 3 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 80 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.5 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		7.5 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode; DC current	1.2 K/W
	per module	0.2 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode; DC current	1.5 K/W
	per module	0.25 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	11.2 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.7 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

Data according to IEC 60747 refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated  
 ① for resistive load at bridge output.

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

## Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")

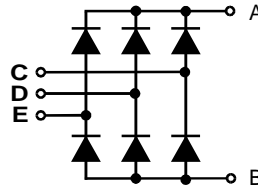


# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**I<sub>dAV</sub> = 100 A**  
**V<sub>RRM</sub> = 800-1600 V**

Preliminary data

V <sub>RSM</sub> V	V <sub>RRM</sub> V	Types
800	800	VUO 100-08NO7
1200	1200	VUO 100-12NO7
1400	1400	VUO 100-14NO7
1600	1600	VUO 100-16NO7



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I <sub>dAV</sub> ①	T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C, module	100 A
I <sub>FSM</sub>	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 45°C; V <sub>R</sub> = 0	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1000 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1100 A
I <sup>2</sup> t	T <sub>VJ</sub> = T <sub>VJM</sub> V <sub>R</sub> = 0	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 700 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 750 A
I <sup>2</sup> t	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 45°C V <sub>R</sub> = 0	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 5000 A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 5020 A <sup>2</sup> s
T <sub>VJ</sub> T <sub>VJM</sub> T <sub>stg</sub>		-40...+150 °C
		150 °C
		-40...+125 °C
V <sub>ISOL</sub>	50/60 Hz, RMS t = 1 min I <sub>ISOL</sub> ≤ 1 mA t = 1 s	2500 V~
		3000 V~
M <sub>d</sub>	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)	5 ± 15 % Nm
		44 ± 15 % lb.in.
Weight	typ.	110 g

## Features

- Package with copper base plate
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Low forward voltage drop
- ¼" fast-on power terminals

## Applications

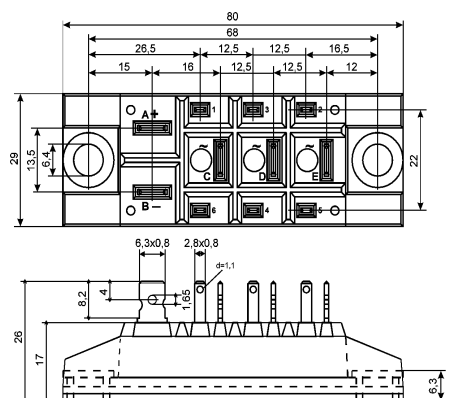
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

## Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling capability
- Small and light weight

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>RRM</sub> ; V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>RRM</sub> ;	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C ≤ 0.5 mA
		T <sub>VJ</sub> = T <sub>VJM</sub> ≤ 10 mA
V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 150 A; T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C	≤ 1.4 V
V <sub>T0</sub>	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
r <sub>T</sub>		5 mΩ
R <sub>thJC</sub>	per diode; DC current per module	1.12 K/W
		0.28 K/W
R <sub>thJH</sub>	per diode, DC current per module	1.5 K/W
		0.375 K/W
d <sub>S</sub>	Creeping distance on surface	16.1 mm
d <sub>A</sub>	Creepage distance in air	7.5 mm
a	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

## Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated

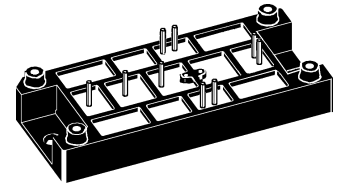
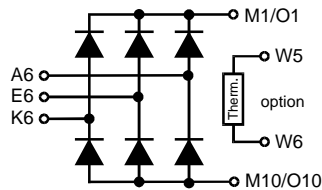
① for resistive load at bridge output. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAVM} = 121/157 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 1200-1600 \text{ V}$**

## Preliminary Data

$V_{RRM}$	Type	$V_{RRM}$	Type
V	V		
1200	VUO 120-12 NO1	1600	VUO 120-16 NO1
1200	VUO 155-12 NO1	1600	VUO 155-16 NO1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings		
		VUO 120	VUO155	
$V_{RRM}$		1200/1600	1200/1600	V
$I_{dAVM}$	$T_C = 75^\circ\text{C}$ , sinusoidal 120°	121	157	A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ , $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ , $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$	650	850	A
	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ , $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ , $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$	580	760	A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ , $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ , $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$	2110	3610	A
	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ , $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ , $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$	1680	2880	A
$P_{tot}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ per diode	150	190	W
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+150		°C
$T_{VJM}$		150		°C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125		°C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000	V~
		$t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600	V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 unf)		2-2.5	Nm
			18-22	lb.in.
$d_s$	Creep distance on surface		12.7	mm
$d_A$	Strike distance in air		9.4	mm
$a$	Maximum allowable acceleration		50	m/s <sup>2</sup>
Weight	typ.		80	g

## Features

- Soldering connections for PCB mounting
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Convenient package outline
- UL registered E 72873
- Case and potting UL94 V-0

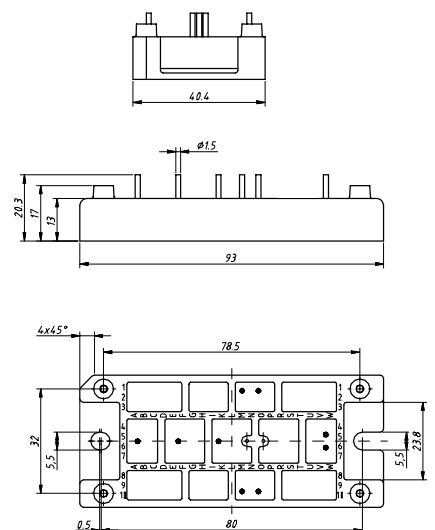
## Applications

- Input Rectifier for Drive Inverters

## Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Suitable for wave soldering
- High temperature and power cycling capability

## Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



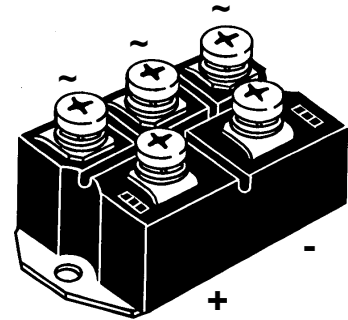
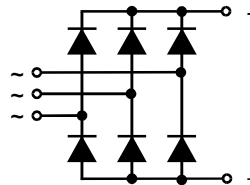
Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values ( $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)		
		min.	typ.	max.
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ , $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			0.3 mA
		$V_R = V_{RRM}$ , $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		5 mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ , $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	VUO 120		1.59 V
		VUO 155		1.49 V
$V_{F0}$	For power-loss calculations only	VUO 120		0.80 V
		VUO 155		0.75 V
$r_T$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	VUO 120		6.1 mΩ
		VUO 155		4.6 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode	VUO 120		1.0 K/W
		VUO 155		0.8 K/W
$R_{thJH}$		VUO 120		1.3 K/W
		VUO 155		1.1 K/W
$R_{25}$ (option)	Siemens S 891/2,2/+9			2.2 kΩ

## Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAV} = 127 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
800	800	VUO 110-08NO7
1200	1200	VUO 110-12NO7
1400	1400	VUO 110-14NO7
1600	1600	VUO 110-16NO7
1800	1800	VUO 110-18NO7*

\* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{dAV}$	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ , module	127 A	
$I_{dAV}$	$T_A = 35^\circ\text{C}$ ( $R_{thCA} = 0.2 \text{ K/W}$ ), module	118 A	
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	1200 A 1300 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	1000 A 1100 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	7200 A <sup>2</sup> s 7200 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	5000 A <sup>2</sup> s 5000 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+150 °C	
$T_{VJM}$		150 °C	
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C	
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1 \text{ min}$	2500 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ s}$	3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M6)		$5 \pm 15 \%$ Nm
	Terminal connection torque (M6)		$5 \pm 15 \%$ Nm
Weight	typ.		270 g

### Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E72873

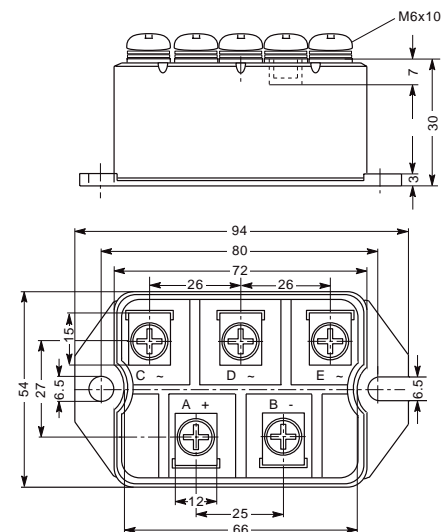
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 5 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 300 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.9 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		4 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode	0.9 K/W
	per module	0.15 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode	1.08 K/W
	per module	0.18 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	10 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

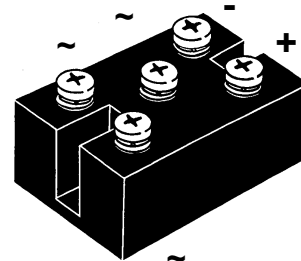
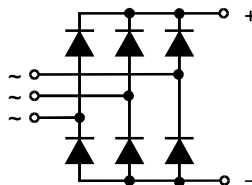
Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated  
 IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAVM} = 140 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1800 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$	$V_{RRM}$	Type
V	V	
1200	1200	VUO 105-12NO7
1400	1400	VUO 105-14NO7
1600	1600	VUO 105-16NO7
1800	1800	VUO 105-18NO7*

\* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAVM}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , module	140 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1500 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1650 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1350 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1500 A
$T_{VJ}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	-40...+150 °C
		150 °C
$T_{VJM}$		-40...+150 °C
$T_{stg}$		
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 min 2500 V~
		t = 1 s 3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5)	5 ± 15 % Nm
		44 ± 15 % lb.in.
Weight	typ.	Terminal connection torque (M5)
		5 ± 15 % Nm
		44 ± 15 % lb.in.

### Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E 72873

### Applications

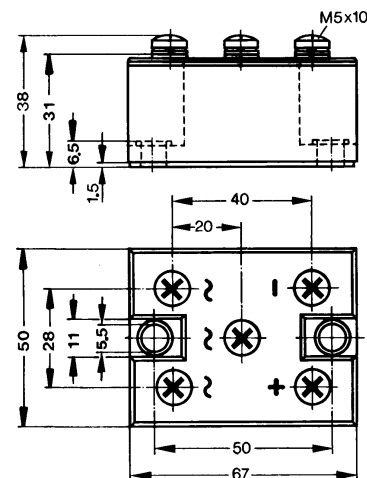
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM1}$ ; $V_R = V_{RRM2}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ≤ 0.3 mA
		$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ≤ 8.0 mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	≤ 1.6 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		5 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode	0.83 K/W
	per module	0.138 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode	1.13 K/W
	per module	0.188 K/W

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

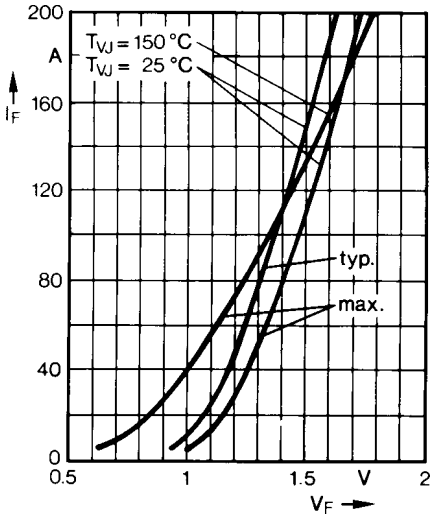


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

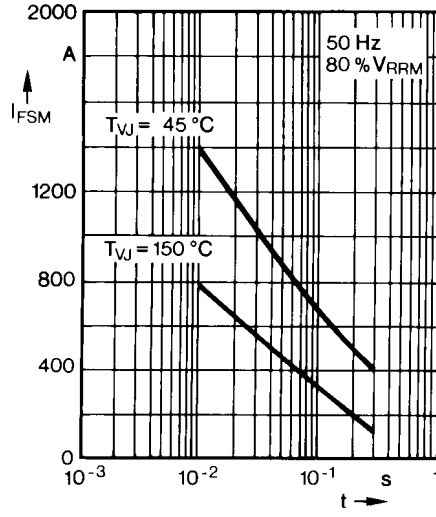


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value.  $t$ : duration

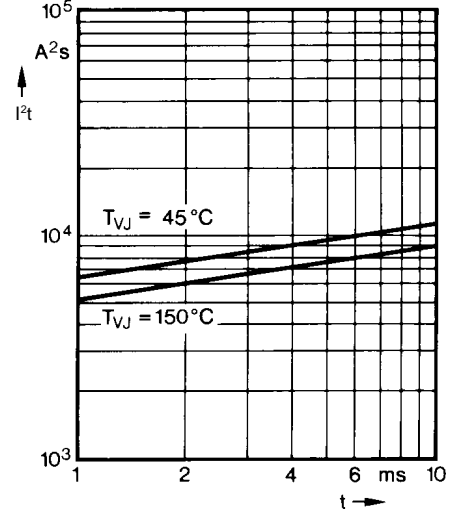


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

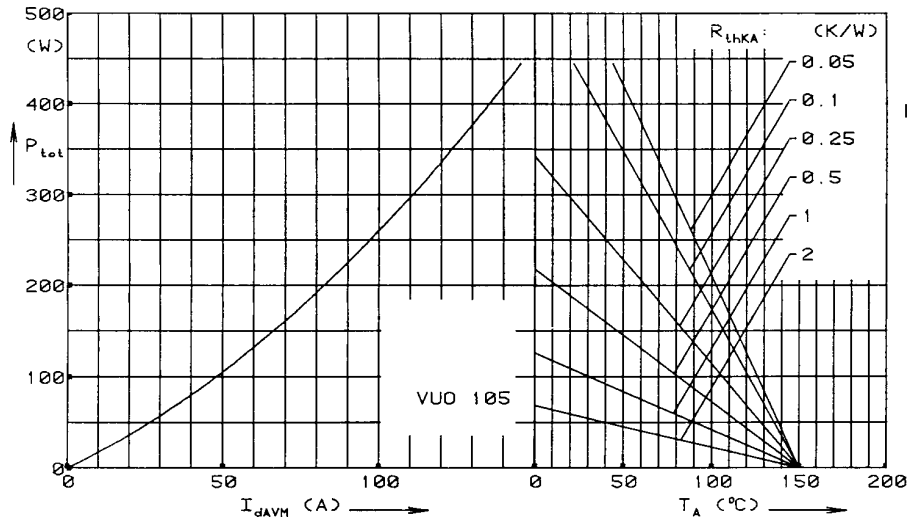


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

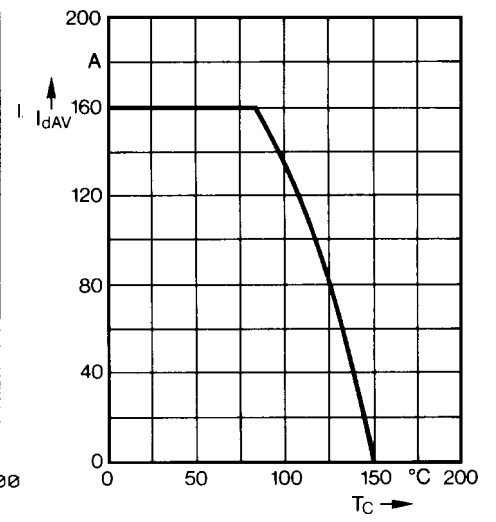


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at case temperature

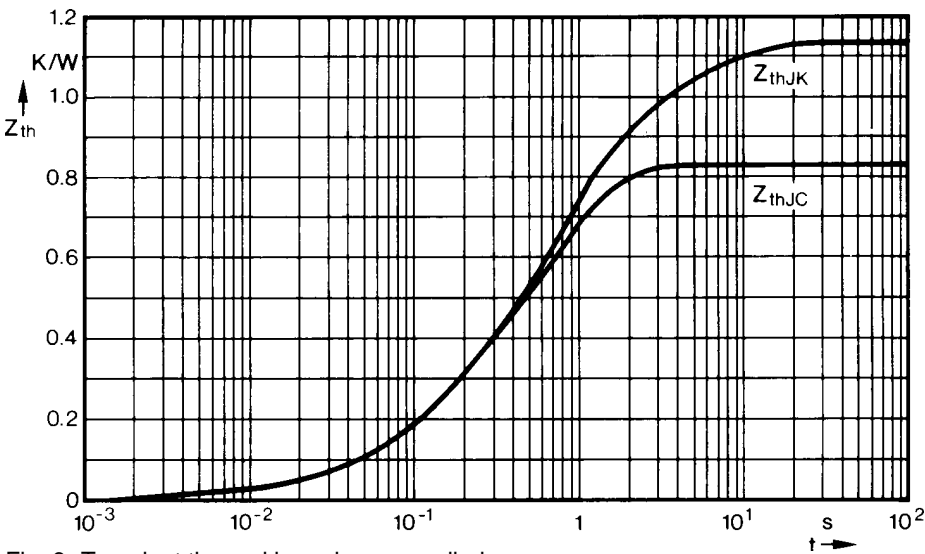


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance per diode

Constants for  $Z_{thJC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.014	0.011
2	0.067	0.094
3	0.139	0.28
4	0.61	0.7

Constants for  $Z_{thJK}$  calculation:

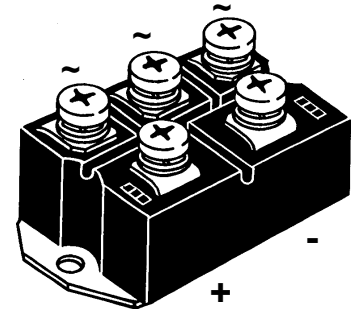
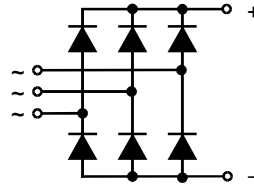
i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.014	0.011
2	0.067	0.094
3	0.139	0.28
4	0.61	0.7
5	0.3	4.2

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAV} = 175 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$**

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
800	800	VUO 160-08NO7
1200	1200	VUO 160-12NO7
1400	1400	VUO 160-14NO7
1600	1600	VUO 160-16NO7
1800	1800	VUO 160-18NO7*

\* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ , module	175 A
$I_{dAV}$	$T_A = 35^\circ\text{C}$ ( $R_{thCA} = 0.2 \text{ K/W}$ ), module	139 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1800 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1950 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1600 A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1800 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$	$V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine -40...+150 °C
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 150 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min 2500 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 s 3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M6)	$5 \pm 15 \%$ Nm
	Terminal connection torque (M6)	$5 \pm 15 \%$ Nm
Weight	typ.	270 g

### Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E72873

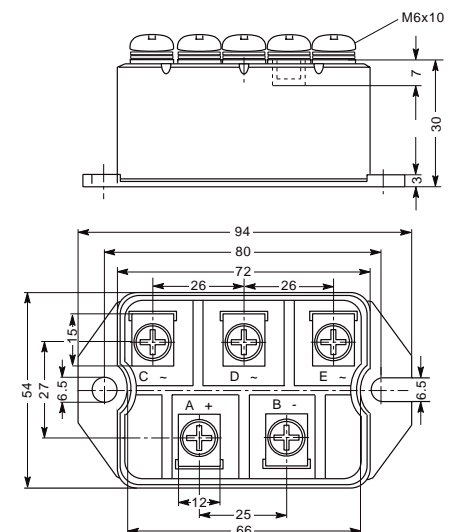
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 5 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 300 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.65 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		3 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode	0.65 K/W
	per module	0.108 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode	0.83 K/W
	per module	0.138 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	10 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

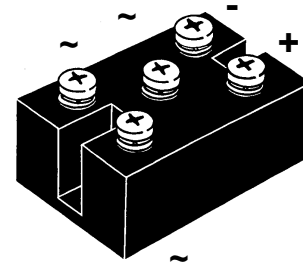
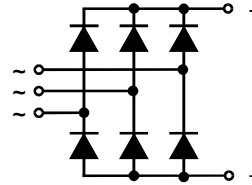
Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated  
 IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

### Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAVM} = 166 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1800 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$	$V_{RRM}$	Type
V	V	
1200	1200	VUO 125-12NO7
1400	1400	VUO 125-14NO7
1600	1600	VUO 125-16NO7
1800	1800	VUO 125-18NO7*

\* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAVM}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , module	166 A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 1800 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 1950 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 1600 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 1800 A
$T_{VJ}$ $T_{VJM}$ $T_{stg}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	-40...+150 °C
		150 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ min}$ 2500 V~
		$t = 1 \text{ s}$ 3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5)	5 ± 15 % Nm
		44 ± 15 % lb.in.
Weight	typ.	Terminal connection torque (M5)
		5 ± 15 % Nm
		44 ± 15 % lb.in.
		225 g

#### Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E 72873

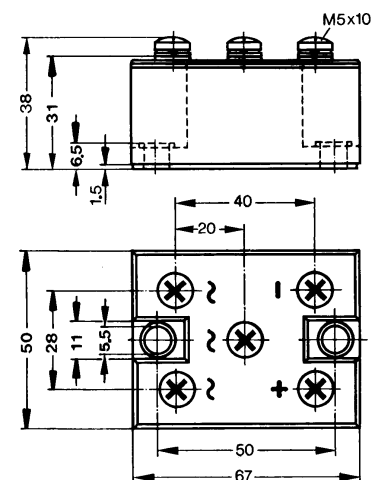
#### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

#### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

#### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ≤ 0.3 mA
		$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ≤ 8.0 mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$ ;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ≤ 1.3 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		3 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode per module	0.83 K/W
		0.138 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode per module	1.13 K/W
		0.188 K/W

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.



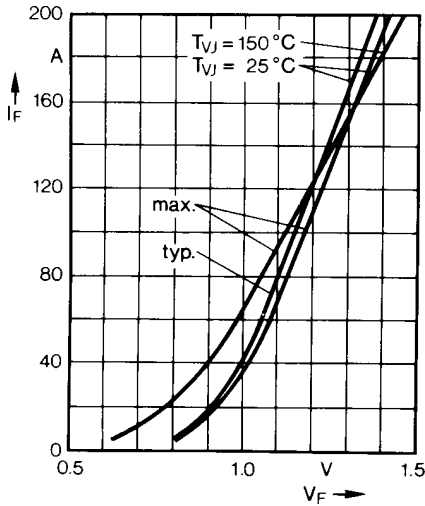


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

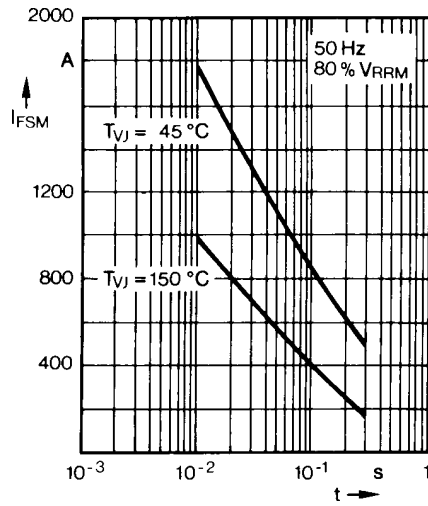


Fig. 2 Surge overload current per diode  $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value.  $t$ : duration

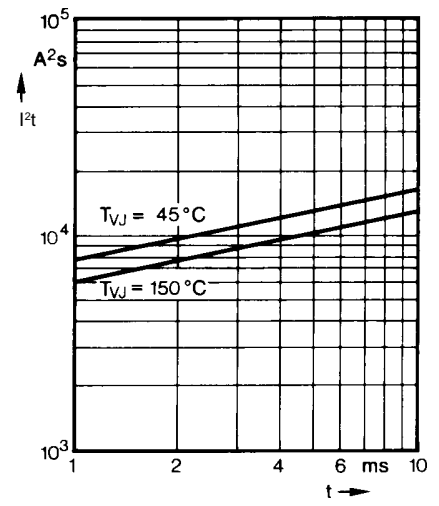


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms) per diode

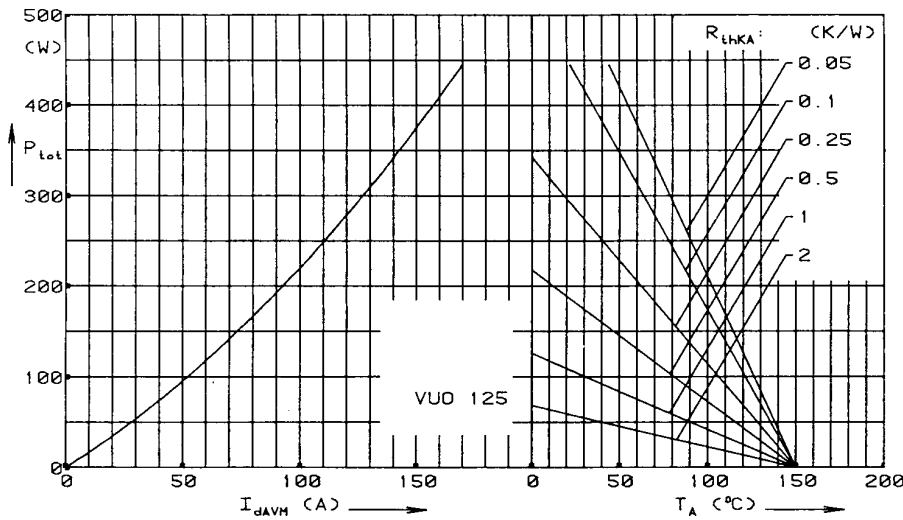


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

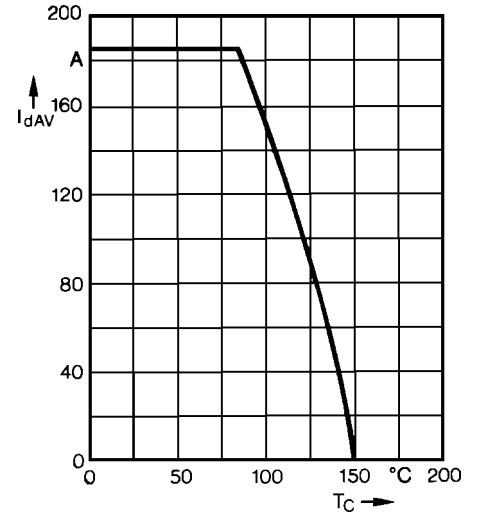


Fig. 5 Maximum forward current at case temperature

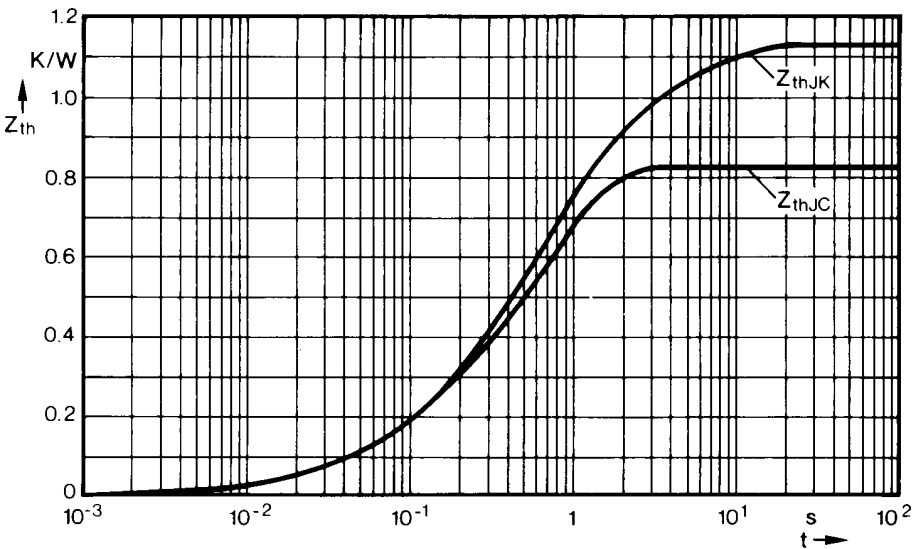


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance per diode

Constants for  $Z_{thJC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.014	0.011
2	0.067	0.094
3	0.139	0.28
4	0.61	0.7

Constants for  $Z_{thJK}$  calculation:

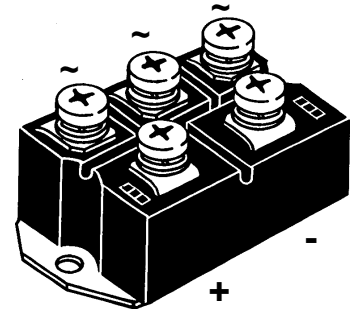
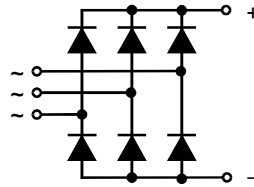
i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.014	0.011
2	0.067	0.094
3	0.139	0.28
4	0.61	0.7
5	0.3	4.2

## Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAV} = 248 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	Type
800	800	VUO 190-08NO7
1200	1200	VUO 190-12NO7
1400	1400	VUO 190-14NO7
1600	1600	VUO 190-16NO7
1800	1800	VUO 190-18NO7*

\* delivery time on request



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{dAV}$	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ , module	248 A	
$I_{dAV}$	$T_A = 35^\circ\text{C}$ ( $R_{thCA} = 0.2 \text{ K/W}$ ), module	165 A	
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	2800 A 3300 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	2500 A 2750 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	39 200 A <sup>2</sup> s 45 000 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine	31 200 A <sup>2</sup> s 31 300 A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+150 °C	
$T_{VJM}$		150 °C	
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C	
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min	2500 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 s	3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M6)		$5 \pm 15 \%$ Nm
	Terminal connection torque (M6)		$5 \pm 15 \%$ Nm
Weight	typ.		270 g

### Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Blocking voltage up to 1800 V
- Low forward voltage drop
- UL registered E72873

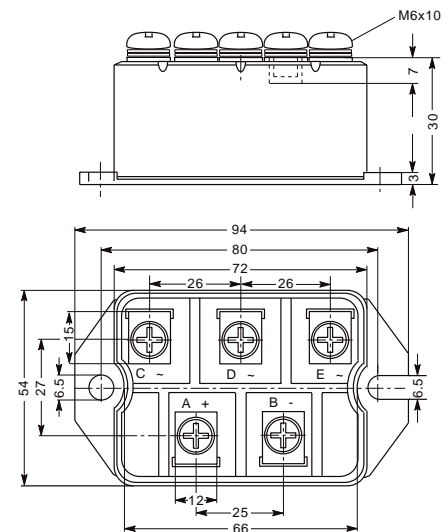
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



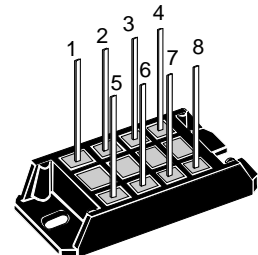
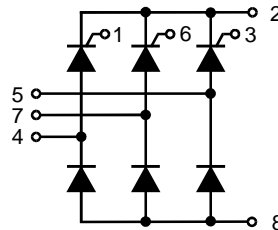
Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ ; $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 5 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	$I_F = 300 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.43 \text{ V}$
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
$r_T$		2.2 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	per diode, 120°	0.45 K/W
	per module	0.075 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per diode, 130°	0.6 K/W
	per module	0.1 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	10 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.4 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated  
 IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

# Three Phase Half Controlled Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAVM} = 20 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1600 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ $V_{DSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{DRM}$ V	Type
1300	1200	VVZ 12-12io1
1500	1400	VVZ 12-14io1
1700	1600	VVZ 12-16io1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$	$T_K = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ; module	15 A
$I_{dAVM}$	module	20 A
$I_{FRMS}, I_{TRMS}$	per leg	12 A
$I_{FSM}, I_{TSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 110 A $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 115 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 100 A $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 105 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 60 A <sup>2</sup> s $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 55 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 50 A <sup>2</sup> s $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 45 A <sup>2</sup> s
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $f = 400 \text{ Hz}$ , $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}$ , $di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	repetitive, $I_T = 50 \text{ A}$ 150 A/ $\mu\text{s}$ non repetitive, $I_T = 1/3 \sim I_{dAV}$ 500 A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	1000 V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$V_{RGM}$		10 V
$P_{GM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$ $\leq 10 \text{ W}$ $t_p = 500 \mu\text{s}$ $\leq 5 \text{ W}$ $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ $\leq 1 \text{ W}$
$P_{GAVM}$		0.5 W
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+125 °C
$T_{VJM}$		125 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ min}$ 3000 V~ $t = 1 \text{ s}$ 3600 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque	(M5) 2-2.5 Nm (10-32 UNF) 18-22 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	28 g

## Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Soldering terminals
- UL registered E 72873

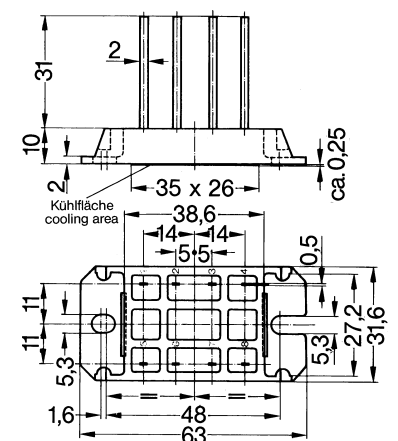
## Applications

- Input rectifier for switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Softstart capacitor charging
- Electric drives and auxiliaries

## Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

## Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



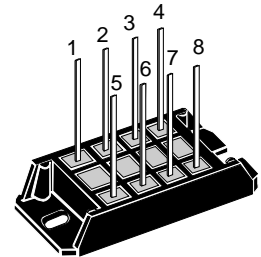
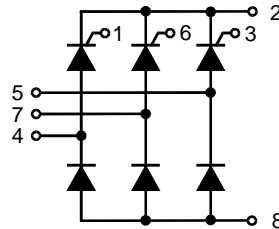
Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single thyristor/diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R, I_D$	$V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 5$ mA $\leq 0.3$ mA
$V_F, V_T$	$I_F, I_T = 30$ A, $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 2$ V
$V_{T0}$ $r_T$	For power-loss calculations only ( $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )	1.1 V 30 m $\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6$ V; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.0$ V $\leq 1.2$ V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6$ V; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 65$ mA $\leq 80$ mA $\leq 50$ mA
$V_{GD}$ $I_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 0.2$ V $\leq 5$ mA
$I_L$	$I_G = 0.3$ A; $t_G = 30$ $\mu\text{s}$ $di_G/dt = 0.3$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 150$ mA $\leq 200$ mA $\leq 100$ mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6$ V; $R_{GK} = \infty$	$\leq 100$ mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3$ A; $di_G/dt = 0.3$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$	$\leq 2$ $\mu\text{s}$
$t_q$ $Q_r$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_T = 15$ A, $t_p = 300$ $\mu\text{s}$ , $-di/dt = 10$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 100$ V, $dv/dt = 20$ V/ $\mu\text{s}$ , $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	typ. 150 $\mu\text{s}$ 75 $\mu\text{C}$
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	2.5 K/W 0.42 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	3.1 K/W 0.52 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	7 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

# Three Phase Half Controlled Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAVM} = 27 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200\text{-}1600 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ $V_{DSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{DRM}$ V	Type
1300	1200	VVZ 24-12io1
1500	1400	VVZ 24-14io1
1700	1600	VVZ 24-16io1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$	$T_K = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ; module	21 A
$I_{dAVM}$	module	27 A
$I_{FRMS}^2, I_{TRMS}$	per leg	16 A
$I_{FSM}, I_{TSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 300 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 320 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 270 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 290 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 450 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 430 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 365 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 350 A <sup>2</sup> s
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ f = 400 Hz, $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}$ , $di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	repetitive, $I_T = 50 \text{ A}$ 150 A/ $\mu\text{s}$ non repetitive, $I_T = 1/3 \cdot I_{dAV}$ 500 A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	1000 V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$V_{RGM}$		10 V
$P_{GM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s} \leq 10 \text{ W}$ $t_p = 500 \mu\text{s} \leq 5 \text{ W}$ $t_p = 10 \text{ ms} \leq 1 \text{ W}$
$P_{GAVM}$		0.5 W
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+125 °C
$T_{VJM}$		125 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 min 3000 V~ t = 1 s 3600 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque	(M5) 2-2.5 Nm (10-32 UNF) 18-22 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	28 g

## Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Soldering terminals
- UL registered E 72873

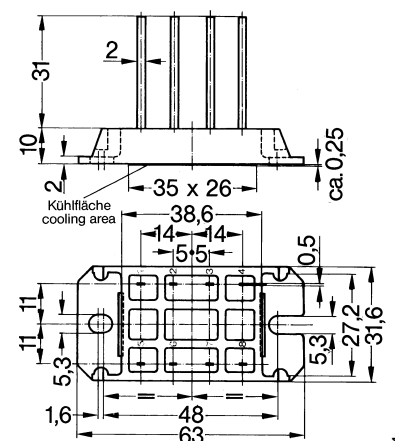
## Applications

- Input rectifier for switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Softstart capacitor charging
- Electric drives and auxiliaries

## Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

## Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single thyristor/diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R, I_D$	$V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 5$ mA $\leq 0.3$ mA
$V_F, V_T$	$I_F, I_T = 30$ A, $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.45$ V
$V_{T0}$ $r_T$	For power-loss calculations only ( $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )	1 V 16 m $\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6$ V; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.0$ V $\leq 1.2$ V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6$ V; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 65$ mA $\leq 80$ mA $\leq 50$ mA
$V_{GD}$ $I_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM};$ $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM};$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 0.2$ V $\leq 5$ mA
$I_L$	$I_G = 0.3$ A; $t_G = 30$ $\mu\text{s}$ $di_G/dt = 0.3$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 150$ mA $\leq 200$ mA $\leq 100$ mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6$ V; $R_{GK} = \infty$	$\leq 100$ mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3$ A; $di_G/dt = 0.3$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$	$\leq 2$ $\mu\text{s}$
$t_q$ $Q_r$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_T = 15$ A, $t_p = 300$ $\mu\text{s}$ , $-di/dt = 10$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 100$ V, $dv/dt = 20$ V/ $\mu\text{s}$ , $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	typ. 150 $\mu\text{s}$ 75 $\mu\text{C}$
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	2.1 K/W 0.35 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	2.7 K/W 0.45 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	7 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

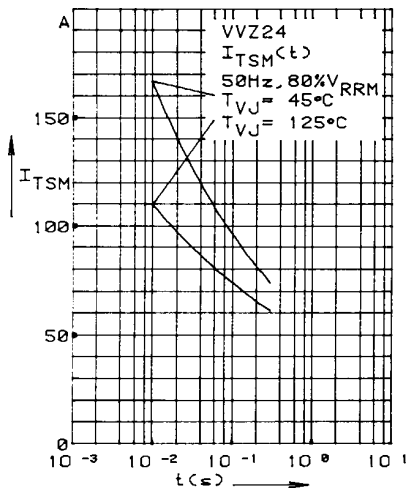


Fig. 1 Surge overload current per chip  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value,  $t$ : duration

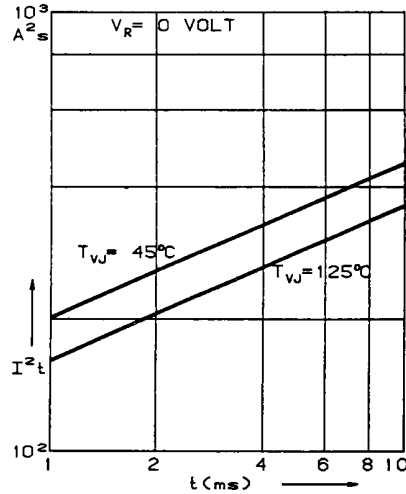


Fig. 2  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms) per chip

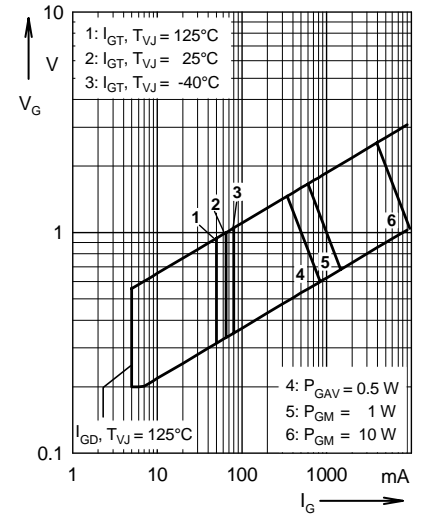


Fig. 3 Gate trigger characteristics  
 Triggering:

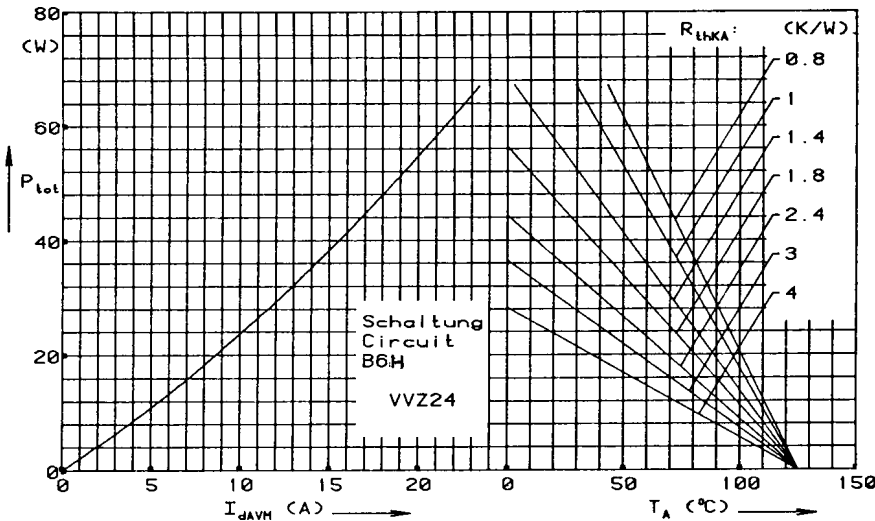


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

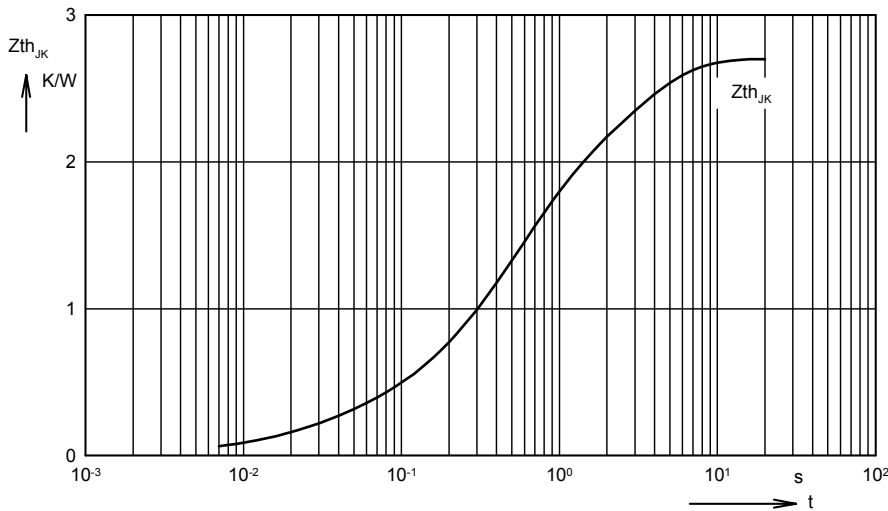


Fig. 5 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink

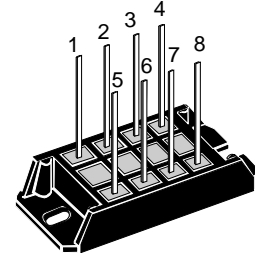
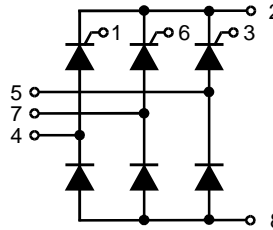
Constants for  $Z_{thJK}$  calculation

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.17	0.028
2	1.4	0.44
3	1.1	2.6

### Three Phase Half Controlled Rectifier Bridge

$I_{dAVM} = 43 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1600 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ $V_{DSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{DRM}$ V	Type
1300	1200	VVZ 40-12io1
1500	1400	VVZ 40-14io1
1700	1600	VVZ 40-16io1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$ $I_{dAVM}$ $I_{FRMS}^*$ $I_{TRMS}$	$T_K = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ; module module per leg	34 A 43 A 25 A
$I_{FSM}^*$ $I_{TSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 320 A $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 340 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 290 A $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 310 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 510 A <sup>2</sup> s $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 485 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 420 A <sup>2</sup> s $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 400 A <sup>2</sup> s
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $f = 400 \text{ Hz}$ , $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}$ , $di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	repetitive, $I_T = 50 \text{ A}$ 150 A/ $\mu\text{s}$ non repetitive, $I_T = 1/3 \cdot I_{dAV}$ 500 A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	1000 V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$V_{RGM}$		10 V
$P_{GM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s} \leq 10 \text{ W}$ $t_p = 500 \mu\text{s} \leq 5 \text{ W}$ $t_p = 10 \text{ ms} \leq 1 \text{ W}$
$P_{GAVM}$		0.5 W
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+125 °C
$T_{VJM}$		125 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ min}$ 3000 V~ $t = 1 \text{ s}$ 3600 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)	2-2.5 Nm 18-22 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	28 g

#### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Soldering terminals
- UL registered E 72873

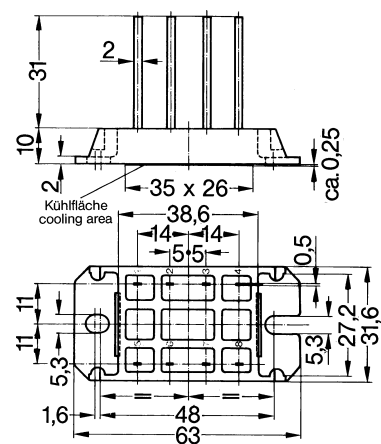
#### Applications

- Input rectifier for switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Softstart capacitor charging
- Electric drives and auxiliaries

#### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

#### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single thyristor/diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_R, I_D$	$V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 5$ mA $\leq 0.3$ mA
$V_F, V_T$	$I_F, I_T = 30$ A, $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.33$ V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.85 V
$r_T$	( $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )	15 m $\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6$ V; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.0$ V $\leq 1.2$ V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6$ V; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 65$ mA $\leq 80$ mA $\leq 50$ mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 0.2$ V
$I_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 5$ mA
$I_L$	$I_G = 0.3$ A; $t_G = 30$ $\mu\text{s}$ $di_G/dt = 0.3$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 150$ mA $\leq 200$ mA $\leq 100$ mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6$ V; $R_{GK} = \infty$	$\leq 100$ mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3$ A; $di_G/dt = 0.3$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$	$\leq 2$ $\mu\text{s}$
$t_q$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_T = 15$ A, $t_p = 300$ $\mu\text{s}$ , $-di/dt = 10$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$	typ. 150 $\mu\text{s}$
$Q_r$	$V_R = 100$ V, $dv/dt = 20$ V/ $\mu\text{s}$ , $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	75 $\mu\text{C}$
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	1.0 K/W 0.17 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	1.6 K/W 0.27 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	7 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

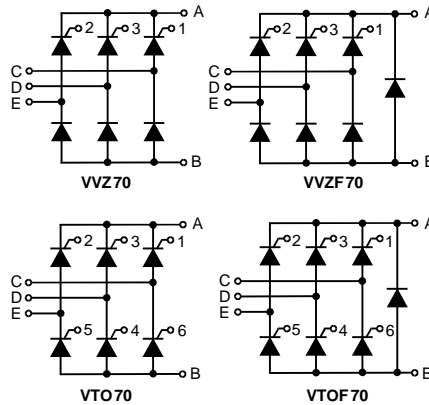
# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**I<sub>dAV</sub> = 70 A**  
**V<sub>RRM</sub> = 800-1600 V**

Preliminary data

V <sub>RSM</sub> V <sub>DSM</sub> V	V <sub>RRM</sub> V <sub>DRM</sub> V	Type
800	800	xxx 70-08io7
1200	1200	xxx 70-12io7
1400	1400	xxx 70-14io7
1600	1600	xxx 70-16io7

xxx = type



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I <sub>dAV</sub> ①	T <sub>C</sub> = 85°C, module	70 A
I <sub>dAVM</sub> ①	module	70 A
I <sub>FRMS</sub> , I <sub>TRMS</sub>	per leg	36 A
I <sub>FSM</sub> , I <sub>TSM</sub>	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 45°C; V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine: 550 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine: 600 A
	T <sub>VJ</sub> = T <sub>VJM</sub> ; V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine: 500 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine: 550 A
I <sup>2</sup> t	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 45°C; V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine: 1520 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine: 1520 A <sup>2</sup> s
	T <sub>VJ</sub> = T <sub>VJM</sub> ; V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine: 1250 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine: 1250 A <sup>2</sup> s
(di/dt) <sub>cr</sub>	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 125°C; f = 50 Hz, t <sub>p</sub> = 200 μs; V <sub>D</sub> = 2/3 V <sub>DRM</sub> ; I <sub>G</sub> = 0.3 A; di <sub>G</sub> /dt = 0.3 A/μs	repetitive, I <sub>T</sub> = 50 A: 150 A/μs non repetitive, I <sub>T</sub> = 1/2 • I <sub>dAV</sub> : 500 A/μs
	(dv/dt) <sub>cr</sub>	T <sub>VJ</sub> = T <sub>VJM</sub> ; V <sub>DR</sub> = 2/3 V <sub>DRM</sub> ; R <sub>GK</sub> = ∞; method 1 (linear voltage rise): 1000 V/μs
V <sub>RGM</sub>		10 V
P <sub>GM</sub>	T <sub>VJ</sub> = T <sub>VJM</sub> ; I <sub>T</sub> = I <sub>TAVM</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> = 30 μs: ≤ 10 W
		t <sub>p</sub> = 500 μs: ≤ 5 W
		t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms: ≤ 1 W
P <sub>GAVM</sub>		0.5 W
T <sub>VJ</sub>		-40...+125 °C
T <sub>VJM</sub>		125 °C
T <sub>stg</sub>		-40...+125 °C
V <sub>ISOL</sub>	50/60 Hz, RMS; I <sub>ISOL</sub> ≤ 1 mA	t = 1 min: 2500 V~ t = 1 s: 3000 V~
	M <sub>d</sub>	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF): 5 ± 15 % Nm 44 ± 15 % lb.in.
Weight		50 g

### Features

- Package with copper base plate
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Low forward voltage drop
- ¼" fast-on power terminals

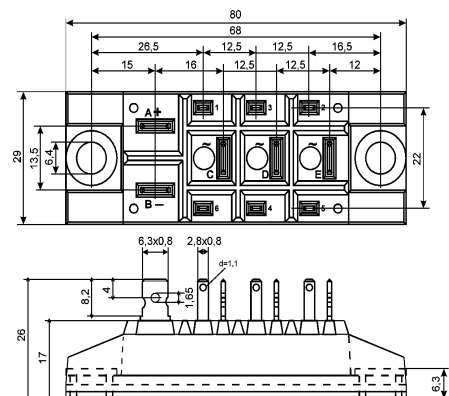
### Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling capability
- Small and light weight

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



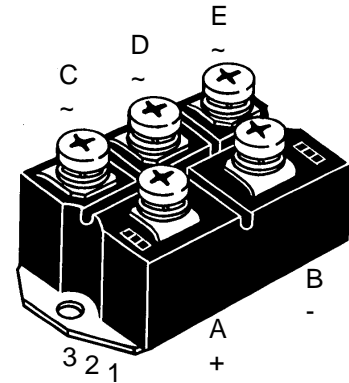
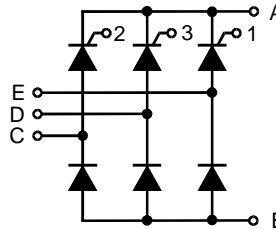
Data according to IEC 60747 refer to a single diode/thyristor unless otherwise stated  
 ① for resistive load at bridge output. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
$I_D, I_R$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$	$\leq$	5 mA
$V_T$	$I_T = 80 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	1.64 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only		0.85 V
$r_T$			11 m $\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	1.5 V
	$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	1.6 V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	100 mA
	$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	200 mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq$	0.2 V
$I_{GD}$		$\leq$	5 mA
$I_L$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$ $I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$\leq$	450 mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6 \text{ V}; R_{GK} = \infty$	$\leq$	200 mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$\leq$	2 $\mu\text{s}$
$t_q$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; I_T = 20 \text{ A}, t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}; di/dt = -10 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 100 \text{ V}; dv/dt = 15 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	typ.	250 $\mu\text{s}$
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor / Diode; DC		0.9 K/W
	per module		0.15 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per thyristor / Diode; DC		1.1 K/W
	per module		0.157 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface		16.1 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air		7.5 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration		50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

# Three Phase Half Controlled Rectifier Bridge, B6HK

$I_{dAVM} = 110/167 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1600 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ $V_{DSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{DRM}$ V	Type	
1300	1200	VVZ 110-12io7	VVZ 175-12io7
1500	1400	VVZ 110-14io7	VVZ 175-14io7
1700	1600		VVZ 175-16io7



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings		
		VVZ 110	VVZ 175	
$I_{dAV}$ $I_{FRMS}, I_{TRMS}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ; module per leg	110 58	167 89	A A
$I_{FSM}, I_{TSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	1150 1230	1500 1600	A A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	1000 1070	1350 1450	A A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	6600 6280	11200 10750	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$ $\text{A}^2\text{s}$
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	5000 4750	9100 8830	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$ $\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ repetitive, $I_T = 50 \text{ A}$ $f = 400 \text{ Hz}$ , $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}$ , non repetitive, $di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $I_T = 1/3 \cdot I_{dAV}$	150	500	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	1000		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
$V_{RGM}$		10		V
$P_{GM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$	$\leq 10$		W
	$I_T = I_{TAVM}$ ; $t_p = 500 \mu\text{s}$	$\leq 5$		W
	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	$\leq 1$		W
$P_{GAVM}$		0.5		W
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+125		$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{VJM}$		125		$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125		$^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$	2500		V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$	3000		V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M6)	$5 \pm 15 \%$		Nm
	Terminal connection torque (M6)	$5 \pm 15 \%$		Nm
Weight	typ.	300		g

## Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- UL registered E72873

## Applications

- Input rectifier for PWM converter
- Input rectifier for switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Softstart capacitor charging

## Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single thyristor/diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		VVZ 110	VVZ 175	
$I_R, I_D$	$V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$ 5	mA
			$\leq$ 0.3	mA
$V_F, V_T$	$I_F, I_T = 200 \text{ A}, T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$ 1.75	1.57	V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.85	0.85	V
$r_T$	( $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )	6	3.5	m $\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$ 1.5		V
	$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$ 1.6		V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$ 100		mA
		$\leq$ 200		mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq$ 0.2		V
$I_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq$ 5		mA
$I_L$	$I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; t_G = 30 \mu\text{s}$ $di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$ 450	mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6 \text{ V}; R_{GK} = \infty$	$\leq$ 200		mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$\leq$ 2		$\mu\text{s}$
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	0.65 0.108	0.46 0.077	K/W K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	0.8 0.133	0.55 0.092	K/W K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface		10	mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air		9.4	mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration		50	m/s <sup>2</sup>

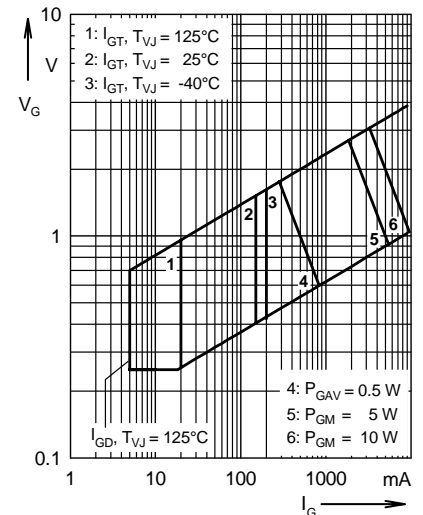


Fig. 1 Gate trigger characteristics

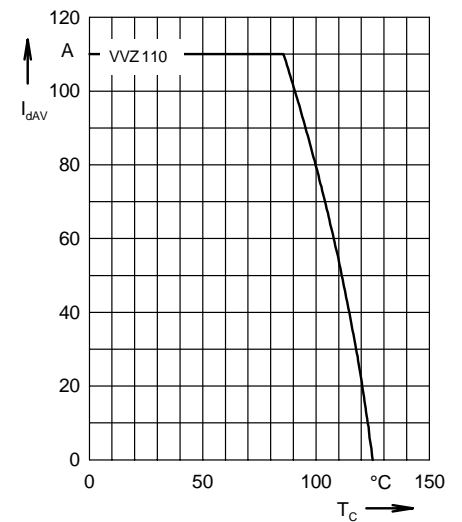


Fig. 2 DC output current at case temperature

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")

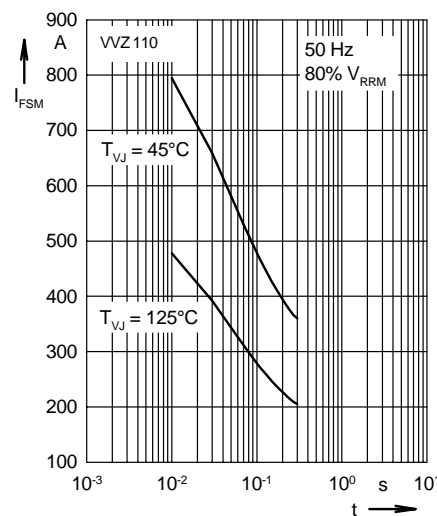
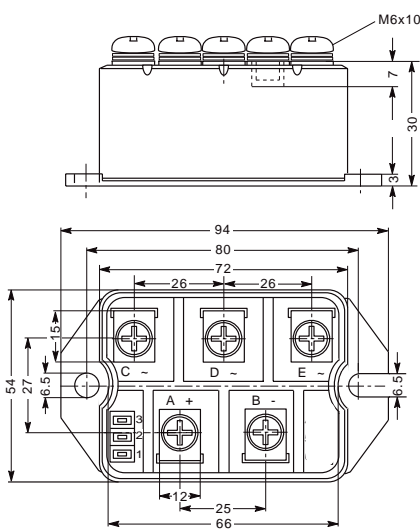


Fig. 3 Surge overload current  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value,  $t$ : duration

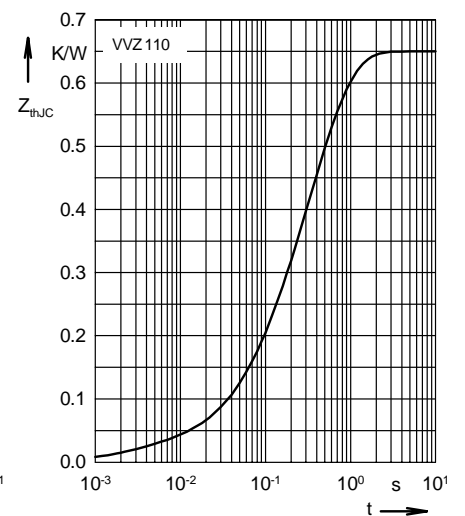


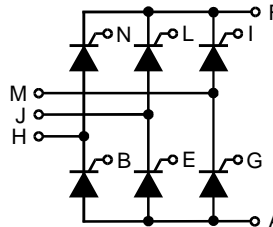
Fig. 4 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per leg)

# Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

**$I_{dAV} = 39 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 600-1200 \text{ V}$**

## Preliminary data

$V_{RSM}$ $V_{DSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{DRM}$ V	Type
700	600	VTO 39-06io7
900	800	VTO 39-08io7
1300	1200	VTO 39-12io7



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{dAV}$ ①	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , module	39 A
$I_{TAVM}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ; (180° sine ; per thyristor)	16 A
$I_{TSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 200 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 210 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 180 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 190 A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 200 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 150 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 160 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 150 A <sup>2</sup> s
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ f = 50 Hz, $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.15 \text{ A}$	repetitive, $I_T = 20 \text{ A}$ 100 A/ $\mu\text{s}$
	$di_G/dt = 0.15 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	non repetitive, $I_T = I_{TAVM}$ 500 A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ 500 V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$V_{RGM}$		10 V
$P_{GM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$ ≤ 5 W
	$I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$ ≤ 2.5 W
$P_{GAVM}$		0.5 W
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+125 °C
$T_{VJM}$		125 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min 2500 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 s 3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M4)	1.5 - 2 Nm
		14 - 18 lb.in.
Weight	typ.	18 g

## Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Low forward voltage drop
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering

## Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

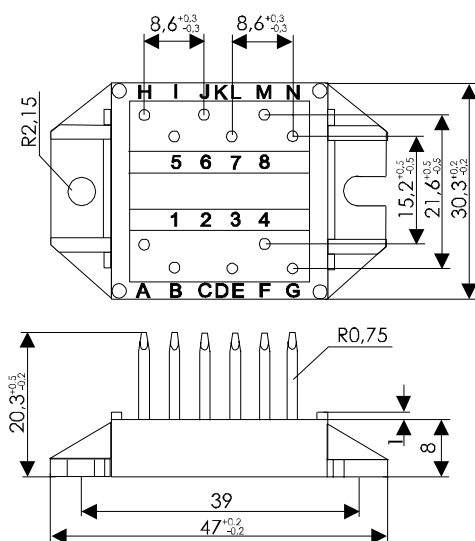
## Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling capability
- Small and light weight

Data according to IEC 60747 refer to a single diode/thyristor unless otherwise stated

① for resistive load at bridge output. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

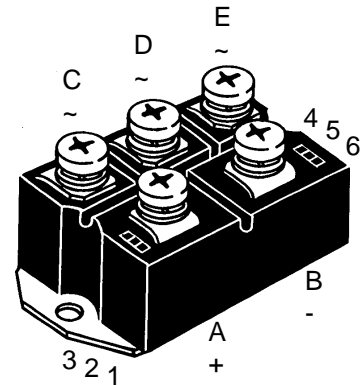
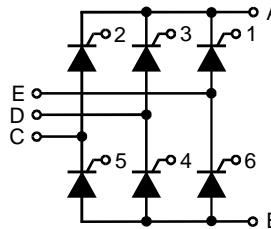
Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
$I_D, I_R$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$	$\leq$	5 mA
$V_T$	$I_T = 20 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	1.6 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only ( $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )		0.85 V
$r_T$			27 m $\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	1.5 V
	$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	2.5 V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	25 mA
	$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	50 mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq$	0.2 V
$I_{GD}$		$\leq$	3 mA
$I_L$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$ $I_G = 0.1 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$\leq$	75 mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6 \text{ V}; R_{GK} = \infty$	$\leq$	50 mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.1 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$\leq$	2 $\mu\text{s}$
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor; DC		1.3 K/W
	per module		0.22 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per thyristor; DC		1.8 K/W
	per module		0.3 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface		11.2 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air		5 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration		50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

**Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")**


# Three Phase Full Controlled Rectifier Bridge, B6C

$I_{dAVM} = 110/167 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1600 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ $V_{DSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{DRM}$ V	Type	
1300	1200	VTO 110-12io7	VTO 175-12io7
1500	1400	VTO 110-14io7	VTO 175-14io7
1700	1600		VTO 175-16io7



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings			
		VTO 110	VTO 175		
$I_{dAV}$ $I_{FRMS}, I_{TRMS}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ; module per leg	110 58	167 89	A A	
$I_{FSM}, I_{TSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	1150 1230	1500 1600	A A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	1000 1070	1350 1450	A A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	6600 6280	11200 10750	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$ $\text{A}^2\text{s}$
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine $t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	5000 4750	9100 8830	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$ $\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ repetitive, $I_T = 50 \text{ A}$ $f = 400 \text{ Hz}$ , $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}$ , non repetitive $di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $I_T = 1/3 \cdot I_{dAV}$		150 500	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)		1000	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
$V_{RGM}$			10	V	
$P_{GM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$	$\leq 10$	W	
		$t_p = 500 \mu\text{s}$	$\leq 5$	W	
		$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	$\leq 1$	W	
$P_{GAVM}$			0.5	W	
$T_{VJ}$			-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{VJM}$			125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{stg}$			-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$		2500	V~	
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$		3000	V~	
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M6)		5-15	Nm	
	Terminal connection torque (M6)		5-15	lb.in.	
Weight	typ.		300	g	

## Features

- Package with screw terminals
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- UL registered E72873

## Applications

- Input rectifier for PWM converter
- Input rectifier for switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Softstart capacitor charging

## Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single thyristor/diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		VTO 110	VTO 175	
$I_R, I_D$	$V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$\leq 5$	mA
		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 0.3$	mA
$V_F, V_T$	$I_F, I_T = 200 \text{ A}, T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.75$	1.57	V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	0.85	0.85	V
$r_T$	( $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )	6	3.5	m $\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V};$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.5$	V
		$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.6$	V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V};$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 100$	mA
		$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 200$	mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 0.2$	0.2	V
$I_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 5$	5	mA
$I_L$	$I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; t_G = 30 \mu\text{s}; di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 450$	450	mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6 \text{ V}; R_{GK} = \infty$	$\leq 200$	200	mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}; I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$\leq 2$	2	$\mu\text{s}$
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	0.65	0.46	K/W
		0.108	0.077	K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	0.8	0.55	K/W
		0.133	0.092	K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	10	10	mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.4	9.4	mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration	50	50	m/s <sup>2</sup>

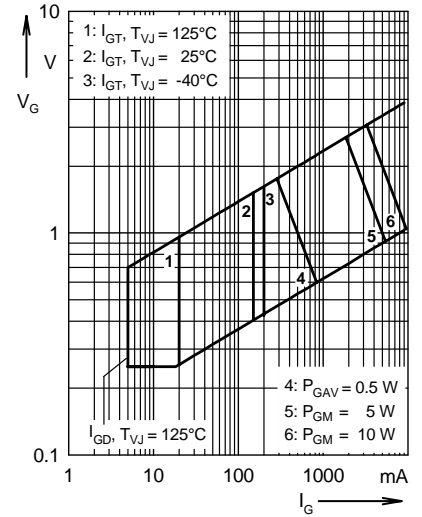


Fig. 1 Gate trigger characteristics

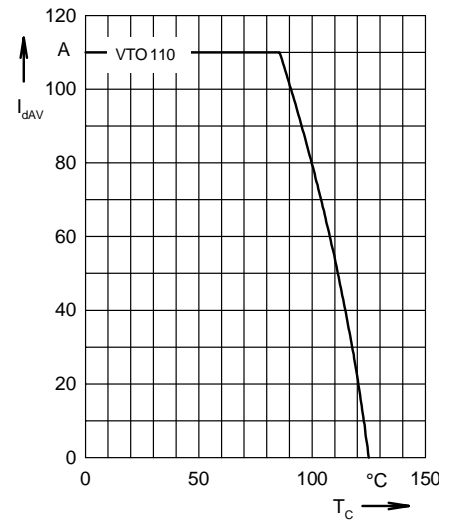


Fig. 2 DC output current at case temperature

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")

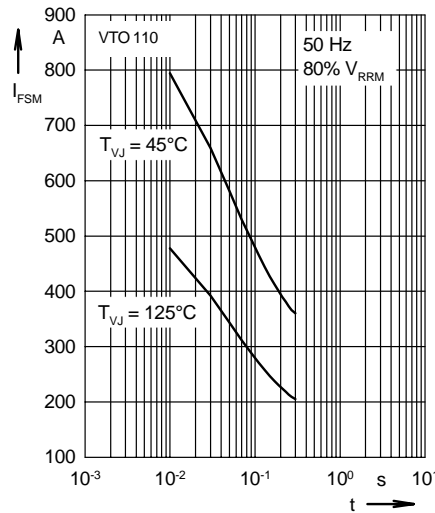
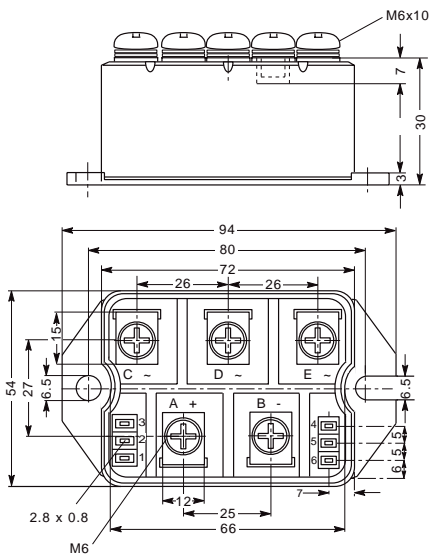


Fig. 3 Surge overload current  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value,  $t$ : duration

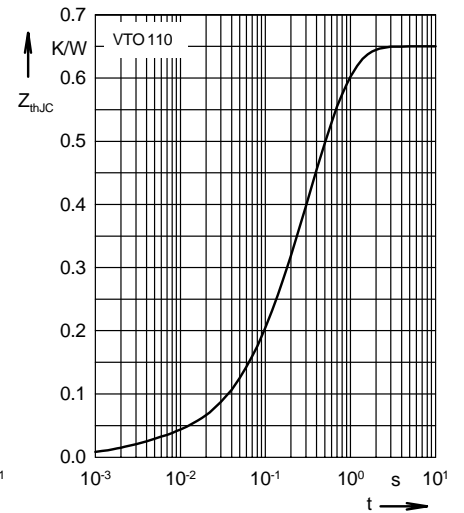


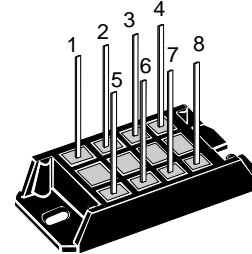
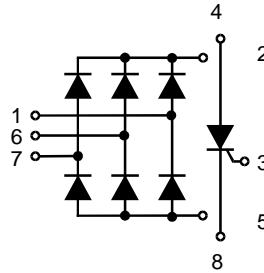
Fig. 4 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per leg)

### Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

with Fast Diodes and "Softstart" Thyristor

$I_{dAVM} = 28 \text{ A}$   
 $I_{TAVM} = 26 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1600 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$ $V_{DSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{DRM}$ V	Type
1300	1200	VUC 25-12go2
1500	1400	VUC 25-14go2
1700	1600	VUC 25-16go2



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings			
		Diode	Thyristor		
$I_{dAV}$	$T_K = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ; module	25	-	A	
$I_{dAVM}$	module	28	-	A	
$I_{TAVM}$	$T_K = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ; (DC)	-	26	A	
$I_{FSM}, I_{TSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	300	330	A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	330	370	A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	450	545	A <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	460	575	A <sup>2</sup> s
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}$ , $di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	repetitive, $I_T = 50 \text{ A}$		150	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
		non repetitive, $I_T = I_{TAVM}$		500	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)			200	V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$V_{RGM}$			10	V	
$P_{GM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$	$\leq$	10	W
	$I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	$\leq$	1	W
$P_{GAVM}$				0.5	W
$T_{VJ}$			-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{VJM}$			125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{stg}$			-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1 \text{ min}$		3000	V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ s}$		3600	V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque	(M5)		2-2.5	Nm
		(10-32 UNF)		18-22	lb.in.
Weight	typ.			28	g

#### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Fast recovery diodes to reduce EMI
- Separate thyristor for softstart
- Solderable terminals
- UL registered E 72873

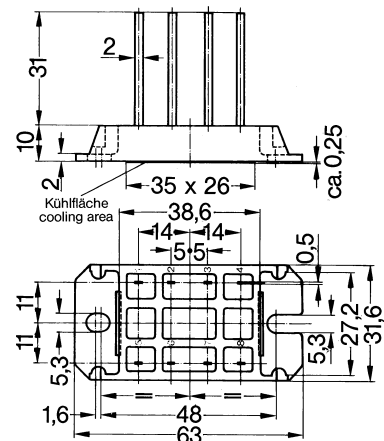
#### Applications

- Input rectifier for switching power supplies (SMPS)
- Softstart capacitor charging
- Electric drives and auxiliaries

#### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Up to 10 dB lower EMI/RFI compared to standard rectifier

#### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single thyristor/diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

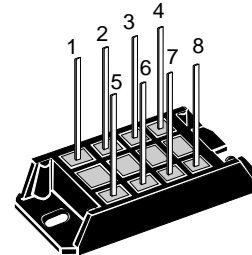
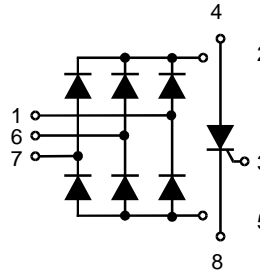
Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
		Diode	Thyristor
$I_R, I_D$	$V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 5$ $\leq 0.3$	$\leq 5$ mA $\leq 0.3$ mA
$V_F, V_T$	$I_F = 55$ A; $I_T = 45$ A, $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 2.2$	$\leq 1.5$ V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	1.2	1.1 V
$r_T$	( $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )	18	11 m $\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6$ V;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.5$ V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6$ V;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 80$ mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM};$	$V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 0.2$ V
$I_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM};$	$V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 5$ mA
$I_L$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_G = 30$ $\mu\text{s}$ $I_G = 0.3$ A; $di_G/dt = 0.3$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$		$\leq 300$ mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6$ V; $R_{GK} = \infty$		$\leq 100$ mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3$ A; $di_G/dt = 0.3$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$		$\leq 2.5$ $\mu\text{s}$
$t_q$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_T = 15$ A, $t_p = 300$ $\mu\text{s}$ , $-di/dt = 10$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 100$ V, $dv/dt = 20$ V/ $\mu\text{s}$ , $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$		typ. 130 $\mu\text{s}$
$t_{rr}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 10$ A; $-di/dt = 10$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 1/2 V_{RRM}$	$\leq 1.5$	- $\mu\text{s}$
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	2.3 0.38	0.9 K/W - K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	2.9 0.48	1.1 K/W - K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface		7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air		7 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration		50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

### Three Phase Rectifier Bridge

with Fast Diodes and "Softstart" Thyristor

$I_{dAVM} = 39 \text{ A}$   
 $I_{TAVM} = 31 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1600 \text{ V}$

$V_{RSM}$	$V_{RRM}$	Type
$V_{DSM}$	$V_{DRM}$	
V	V	
1300	1200	VUC 36-12go2
1500	1400	VUC 36-14go2
1700	1600	VUC 36-16go2



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings			
		Diode	Thyristor		
$I_{dAV}$	$T_K = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ; module	34	-	A	
$I_{dAVM}$	module	39	-	A	
$I_{TAVM}$	$T_K = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ; (DC)	-	31	A	
$I_{FSM}, I_{TSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ;	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	300	400	A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	330	440	A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	270	360	A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	300	400	A
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	repetitive, $I_T = 50 \text{ A}$		150	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
	$f = 400 \text{ Hz}$ , $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$	non repetitive, $I_T = I_{TAVM}$		500	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$			200	V/ $\mu\text{s}$
	$R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)				
$V_{RGM}$			10	V	
$P_{GM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$	$\leq$	10	W
	$I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	$\leq$	1	W
$P_{GAVM}$				0.5	W
$T_{VJ}$			-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{VJM}$			125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{stg}$			-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1 \text{ min}$		3000	V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ s}$		3600	V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque	(M5)		2-2.5	Nm
		(10-32 UNF)		18-22	lb.in.
Weight	typ.			28	g

#### Features

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Fast recovery diodes to reduce EMI
- Separate thyristor for softstart
- Solderable terminals
- UL registered E 72873

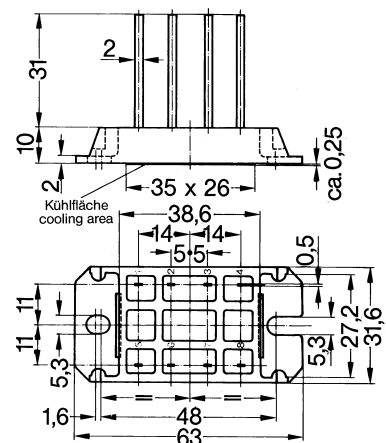
#### Applications

- Input rectifier for switching power supplies (SMPS)
- Softstart capacitor charging
- Electric drives and auxiliaries

#### Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Up to 10 dB lower EMI/RFI compared to standard rectifier

#### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single thyristor/diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
		Diode	Thyristor
$I_R, I_D$	$V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 5$ $\leq 0.3$	$\leq 5$ mA $\leq 0.3$ mA
$V_F, V_T$	$I_F = 55$ A; $I_T = 45$ A, $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.85$	$\leq 1.4$ V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only	1.2	0.85 V
$r_T$	( $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )	16	10 m $\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6$ V;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 1.5$ V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6$ V;	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 80$ mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM};$	$V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 0.2$ V
$I_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM};$	$V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq 5$ mA
$I_L$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_G = 30$ $\mu\text{s}$ $I_G = 0.3$ A; $di_G/dt = 0.3$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$		$\leq 300$ mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6$ V; $R_{GK} = \infty$		$\leq 100$ mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3$ A; $di_G/dt = 0.3$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$		$\leq 2.5$ $\mu\text{s}$
$t_q$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_T = 15$ A, $t_p = 300$ $\mu\text{s}$ , $-di/dt = 10$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 100$ V, $dv/dt = 20$ V/ $\mu\text{s}$ , $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$		typ. 130 $\mu\text{s}$
$t_{rr}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 10$ A; $-di/dt = 10$ A/ $\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 1/2 V_{RRM}$	$\leq 1.5$	- $\mu\text{s}$
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	1.4 0.233	0.9 K/W - K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	2.0 0.333	1.1 K/W - K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface		7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air		7 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration		50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

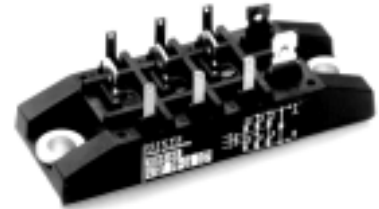
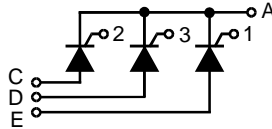
# Three Thyristor Module

$$I_{FAV} = 3 \times 28 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800-1600 \text{ V}$$

Preliminary data

$V_{RSM}$ $V_{DSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{DRM}$ V	Type
800	800	VYK 70-08io7
1200	1200	VYK 70-12io7
1400	1400	VYK 70-14io7
1600	1600	VYK 70-16io7



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
$I_{FAVM}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , 50 - 400 Hz (per phase)	28 A
$I_{FRMS}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , 50 - 400 Hz (per phase)	43 A
$I_{TSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 550 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 600 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 500 A t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 550 A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1520 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1520 A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine 1250 A <sup>2</sup> s t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz), sine 1250 A <sup>2</sup> s
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; f = 50 Hz, $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}$ $di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	repetitive, $I_T = 25 \text{ A}$ 150 A/ $\mu\text{s}$
		non repetitive, $I_T = I_{TAVM}$ 500 A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ 1000 V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$P_{GM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$ 10 W
	$I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$ 5 W
$P_{GAVM}$		0.5 W
$V_{RGM}$		10 V
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+125 °C
$T_{VJM}$		125 °C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125 °C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min 2500 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	t = 1 s 3000 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M5) (10-32 UNF)	5±15 % Nm
		44±15 % lb.in.
Weight	typ.	110 g

## Features

- Package with metal base plate
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- UL applied
- ¼" fast-on power terminals

## Applications

- Switching and control of three phase AC circuits
- Softstart AC motor controller
- Solid state switches
- Light and temperature control

## Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling

Data according to IEC 60747 refer to a single diode/thyristor unless otherwise stated  
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
$I_D, I_R$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$	$\leq$	5 mA
$V_T$	$I_T = 45 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	1.45 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only ( $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )		0.85 V
$r_T$			11 m $\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	1.5 V
	$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	1.6 V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	100 mA
	$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq$	200 mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	$\leq$	0.2 V
$I_{GD}$		$\leq$	5 mA
$I_L$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$ $I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$\leq$	450 mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6 \text{ V}; R_{GK} = \infty$	$\leq$	200 mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$\leq$	2 $\mu\text{s}$
$t_q$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; I_T = 20 \text{ A}, t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}; di/dt = -10 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 100 \text{ V}; dv/dt = 15 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	typ.	150 $\mu\text{s}$
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor; sine 180°el		0.9 K/W
	per module		0.15 K/W
$R_{thJH}$	per thyristor; sine 180°el		1.1 K/W
	per module		0.183 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface		16.1 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air		6.0 mm
$a$	Max. allowable acceleration		50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

**Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")**
